



For Better Understanding on

China-Pakistan and CPEC

Gleanings from the National & Chinese Press

September 01-15, 2025

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September 01, 2025

K2 Daily

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September 02, 2025

Business Recorder

Aurangzeb advances Pakistan-China financial cooperation

BEIJING: Federal Minister for Finance and Revenue, Senator Muhammad Aurangzeb, held important meetings Monday in Beijing with Dr Pan Gongsheng, Governor of the People's Bank of China (PBOC), and Liao Lin, Chairman of the Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (ICBC).

During his meeting with the Governor of the People's Bank of China, the Finance Minister expressed deep appreciation for China's longstanding political, diplomatic, and economic support to Pakistan.

He briefed the Governor on Pakistan's recent economic performance, the government's reform agenda, and the positive outlook reflected in improved international credit ratings.

Pakistan plans return to international capital markets amid improved ratings, says Aurangzeb

The Minister acknowledged the crucial role of the PBOC in supporting Pakistan through multilateral engagements and in strengthening financial cooperation between the two countries. He underscored the importance of deepening financial integration and expanding cooperation in areas of mutual interest.

In his meeting with the Chairman of ICBC Liao Lin, the Finance Minister conveyed Pakistan's gratitude for ICBC's continued support in development financing, commercial facilities, and the refinancing of existing obligations. He emphasized that ICBC's strong presence in Pakistan reflects the deepening financial and economic partnership between the two countries. The Minister further discussed prospects for enhanced cooperation in investment, trade financing, and Pakistan's forthcoming initiatives in financial diversification.

The Finance Minister underlined that Pakistan's economic reform programme is designed to deliver long-term stability, resilience, and sustainable growth. He emphasized that partnerships with Chinese financial institutions are not only vital for meeting immediate financing needs but are also integral to Pakistan's broader strategy of diversification, financial innovation, and regional integration.

He highlighted that new initiatives, such as accessing the Chinese onshore markets, will help open fresh avenues for investment, strengthen market confidence, and align Pakistan's financial system more closely with regional dynamics.

Both sides agreed that the Pakistan–China economic partnership has entered a new phase, with opportunities to deepen cooperation across banking, investment, and capital markets.

The Finance Minister stressed that Pakistan is determined to consolidate these opportunities by creating an enabling environment for investment, building resilient financial structures, and pursuing reforms that expand the scope of bilateral cooperation.

Senator Aurangzeb reaffirmed Pakistan's commitment to a forward-looking partnership with China, where financial cooperation will serve as a cornerstone for broader economic engagement. He expressed confidence that today's meetings will further strengthen the roadmap for enhanced collaboration, ensuring that Pakistan–China ties continue to contribute to stability, development, and shared prosperity in the region.

 $\underline{https://www.brecorder.com/news/40380839/aurangzeb-advances-pakistan-china-financial-cooperation}$

Chinas Xi reaffirms support for Pakistan in meeting with PM Shehbaz

China reiterated on Tuesday to assist Pakistan in all fields of economic growth and development as the two countries ushered in the second Phase of China-Pakistan Economic Corridor(CPEC).

Chinese President Xi Jinping said this during is meeting with Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif in Beijing, said a statement by the Prime Minister's Office (PMO). During their meeting, both leaders agreed that the relationship between their countries was unique and unparalleled

and also discussed important regional and global developments and agreed to continue close cooperation between Pakistan and China in this regard.

Prime Minister of Pakistan heaps praise on Chinese President Xi's vision

The two leaders reaffirmed their shared commitment and resolve to further strengthen the iron-clad, all-weather strategic cooperative partnership between Pakistan and China.

The PM lauded President Jinping for his visionary and transformational leadership, adding that Pakistan took great pride in China's achievements and would always stand ready to work together with the neighbor in this great journey.

"The Prime Minister appreciated China's unflinching support to Pakistan's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and socio-economic development," the PMO said.

PM Shehbaz also lauded the significance of the CPEC as a flagship project of the president's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) and "reaffirmed the desire to continue working closely with China for the successful implementation of the next phase of upgraded CPEC, with its five new corridors".

"This would help both countries to build an even stronger Pakistan-China community with a shared future," the PMO quoted the premier as saying.

PM Shehbaz said that Pakistan fully supported the Chinese president's landmark steps including the Global Governance Initiative, Global Development Initiative, Global Security Initiative as well as Global Civilization Initiative.

"These initiatives will serve the collective global good and contribute to regional as well as global peace, stability and development," the PM said.

 $\underline{https://www.brecorder.com/news/40380857/chinas-xi-reaffirms-support-for-pakistan-in-meeting-with-pm-shehbaz}$

Dawn News

Pakistan, China vow to deepen all weather strategic cooperative partnership

Pakistan and China on Tuesday reaffirmed their commitment to strengthening their "iron-clad and all-weather strategic cooperative partnership" through enhanced cooperation, reflecting their unique bilateral relationship. Pakistan and China share a longstanding strategic partnership with ties ranging across different sectors — including trade, energy, defence, and infrastructure. The bilateral ties and cooperation were discussed in a meeting between Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif and Chinese President Xi Jinping at the Great Hall of the People on the sidelines of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) Council of Heads of State (CHS) summit, held from August 31 to September 1. "During the meeting, the two leaders agreed that the relationship between their countries was unique and unparalleled, which should be reflected in their enhanced bilateral cooperation," the state-run Associated Press of Pakistan (APP) said. Both leaders also discussed important regional and global developments and agreed to continue close cooperation between Pakistan and China in this regard.

PM Shehbaz reaffirmed the desire to continue working closely with China for the successful implementation of the next phase of the upgraded China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), with its five new corridors, the report said. "He congratulated President Xi on the success of the SCO Council of Heads of State Summit in Tianjin and offered his felicitations on the 80th anniversary of the World Anti-Fascist War." Lauding President Xi Jinping for his visionary and transformational leadership that has inspired China's remaining journey towards modernisation and progress, the prime minister said that Pakistan took great pride in Beijing's achievements and would always stand ready to work together with China in this great journey. He also appreciated China's unflinching support for Pakistan's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and socio-economic development, as well as the significance of CPEC as a flagship project of President Xi's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) to help both countries build an even stronger Pakistan-China community with a shared future. The prime minister hailed President Xi's strong commitment to strengthening multilateralism and said Pakistan fully supported China's landmark steps in this regard, including the Global Governance Initiative, Global Development Initiative, Global Security Initiative, as well as Global Civilisation Initiative. "These initiatives would serve the collective global good and contribute to regional as well as global peace, stability and development," the PM was quoted as saying in the report. President Xi said that China would continue to assist Pakistan in all fields of economic growth and development, especially as the two countries were now ushering in the second Phase of CPEC, which would focus on Pakistan's most important economic sectors. PM Shehbaz renewed his "most cordial" invitation to President Xi to undertake an official visit to Pakistan next year, when both countries would celebrate the 75th anniversary of the establishment of Pakistan-China diplomatic ties.

 $\underline{https://www.dawn.com/news/1939128/pakistan-china-vow-to-deepen-all-weather-strategic-cooperative-partnership}$

The Express Tribune

Pakistan, China to advance next phase of CPEC with five corridors

Prime Minister Muhammad Shehbaz Sharif and Chinese President Xi Jinping on Tuesday reaffirmed their commitment to the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), agreeing to advance its next phase through five new corridors designed to expand cooperation in key economic sectors.

At their meeting at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing, the two leaders emphasized that the Pakistan-China partnership was unique and unparalleled and agreed that this bond should be reflected through enhanced cooperation across multiple fields. Prime Minister Shehbaz reaffirmed the desire to continue working closely with China for the successful implementation of the next phase of upgraded CPEC, terming the project a flagship of President Xi's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI). Shehbaz appreciated China's unflinching support to Pakistan's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and socio-economic development and said CPEC would help both nations build an even stronger Pakistan-China community with a shared future.

President Xi assured the prime minister that China would continue to assist Pakistan in all fields of economic growth and development, particularly as the second phase of CPEC gets underway. Earlier in August, both countries reaffirmed their unwavering commitment to the high-quality development of the upgraded China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) during the 6th Strategic Dialogue between Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Ishaq Dar and Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi. The two sides reviewed the full spectrum of Pakistan-China relations, discussed key regional and global issues, and exchanged views on various areas of cooperation, including CPEC 2.0, trade and economic ties, multilateral engagement, and people-to-people exchanges. At a joint press stakeout, Dar highlighted the complete unanimity between the two countries on major bilateral, regional, and global matters, adding that they were encouraged by Wang Yi's vision for advancing cooperation, particularly in upgrading CPEC to its next phase.

https://tribune.com.pk/story/2564633/pakistan-china-to-advance-next-phase-of-cpec-with-five-corridors

K2 Daily



https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_ICT&Page=Back_Page&Date=2025-09-02

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September 03, 2025

Pakistan Observer

Afghanistan in BRI – A sign of increasing Chinese diplomacy in Afghanistan and the Region

Tahir Khan

In this regard, there are reports that China and Afghanistan have agreed to sign a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) regarding the expansion of China's trillion-dollar global infrastructure project, the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), into Afghanistan. Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi, in bilateral meetings with key Afghan Taliban leaders in Kabul on August 20, 2025, assured inclusion of Afghanistan in the BRI, which would go a long way in boosting economic growth and social sector development in Afghanistan. This reflects Beijing's policy to deepen mutually beneficial cooperation with Afghanistan in various sectors within the framework of the BRI. It would progressively promote practical cooperation in economy and trade in a country devastated by over four decades of war and conflict, including the US-NATO invasion in 2001.

The Chinese Foreign Minister, who was in Kabul for the 6th Afghanistan-China-Pakistan trilateral meeting, met with Afghan Prime Minister Mullah Hassan Akhund and Interior Minister Sirajuddin Haqqani, besides holding bilateral talks with Foreign Minister Amir Khan Muttaqi. This was Wang's second visit to Afghanistan during the Taliban's four-year rule, his last trip being in March 2022. Another positive aspect of the visit was that the Chinese delegation reiterated the country's quest for engagement with Kabul while pursuing the policy of non-interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs. Wang, also a member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China's Central Committee, informed Afghan leaders that Beijing's approach towards Afghanistan is not conditions-based but interest-based, with China also continuing political support for Afghanistan.

Being Afghanistan's immediate neighbour, security is of immense importance for China. Wang Yi, in his meeting with Afghan Interior Minister Sirajuddin Haqqani, urged Afghanistan "to take firm actions to crack down on the East Turkestan Islamic Movement (ETIM) and other international terror groups so as to safeguard China-Afghanistan cooperation," according to China's state Xinhua news agency. According to the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Afghan Prime Minister Akhund promised to "never allow any force to use Afghan territory to threaten China." Haqqani, one of the most influential Taliban leaders, assured Wang that "Afghanistan attaches great importance to China's security concerns, adding that Afghanistan will never allow anyone to use its territory to undermine China's security."

China has long been discussing the issue of ETIM with Afghan leaders through engagement and quiet diplomacy. It has never applied pressure tactics and has opposed arbitrary pressures on the Afghan government. Chinese policy reflects an approach of seeking durable stability in Afghanistan through support of the Afghan government so that the threat of terrorism emanating from Afghan soil could be addressed comprehensively and in the long term. The

Chinese FM also reiterated China's firm position for the unfreezing of Afghanistan's assets. After the Taliban takeover in August 2021, the US froze \$9.5 billion belonging to the Afghan Central Bank and despite several efforts, these funds have not yet been released.

In view of the commonality of interest, China, Afghanistan and Pakistan have been gradually coming closer to strengthen trilateral cooperation in security, economic development and connectivity. Counter-terrorism cooperation among the three countries is the need of the hour, as they must evolve a common approach against terrorist groups such as TTP, BLA, ETIM or any other outfits threatening regional security. Economically, China is the leading investor in Pakistan with CPEC as the flagship project of the BRI while also being the top investor in Afghanistan with growing interests in mining, industry, agriculture, energy and trade. However, Chinese investment has been increasingly threatened by attacks on its personnel and projects in Pakistan by TTP, BLA and their associates.

It is, therefore, a significant development that China, Afghanistan and Pakistan have agreed to reinvigorate trilateral consultations in Kabul for deepening security and counter-terrorism cooperation while strengthening trade, transit and connectivity linkages. Inclusion of Afghanistan in the BRI and the possible extension of CPEC into Afghanistan in the future could ensure regional progress.

From here, the three countries should guarantee that the momentum of trilateral cooperation is not only maintained but progressively strengthened. These achievements are further reinforced by China's active diplomacy on a broader regional front, most notably Beijing's outreach to Indian leadership at a time when US-India relations have sharply deteriorated. Wang Yi's visit to New Delhi on August 18-19, 2025 signals a renewed phase of shifting global alignments with both countries showing readiness to re-engage on their intricate boundary dispute.

This engagement set the stage for China to host some 20 leaders at the SCO Summit in Tianjin on August 31 and September 1, including Xi Jinping and Putin. The summit explored a common approach for international and regional peace and stability, underscoring the constructive role of Chinese diplomacy in a troubling environment. The Chinese FM also highlighted Beijing's willingness to enhance cooperation with Kabul through border security, supporting an early resumption of bilateral patrols in the Wakhan Corridor amid reports of a new Afghan road to the Chinese border.

Joint patrolling is justified given Beijing's security concerns and desire to strengthen border stability. Taliban leaders have assured that Afghan soil will not be used against China and remain keen to open the Wakhan route for direct trade, which could also benefit Central Asia, Russia and Iran, fostering broader regional integration and deeper Afghan engagement in the BRI framework.

https://pakobserver.net/afghanistan-in-bri-a-sign-of-increasing-chinese-diplomacy-in-afghanistan-and-the-region/

Pakistan Observer

BRI and Xi's Global Governance Initiative: An Expert Analysis

Dr Mehmood Ul Hassan Khan

While delivering a keynote speech in the 25th SCO Annual Heads of the State Council Conference in Tianjin, the Chinese President Xi Jinping highlighted the "strategic significance" of the BRI due to which a large number of "landmark" projects have taken root.

Thus industrial investment cooperation has been "actively" promoted and regional development and prosperity have become more "dynamic." On the other hand, SCO has become more developed, dynamic and productive achieving new skies of mutual trust, respect, openness, modernization, digitalization, AI and qualitative industrialization due to which member countries' economies, communities and enterprises have become engine of growth gearing towards greater socio-economic integration, trans-regional connectivity, hybrid agriculture and multiculturalism. On the other hand, equality, justice, rule of the law, effectiveness of the UN, other international organizations like WTO, WHO & UNHRC, immense rise to unilateralism, economic protectionism, severe violations of international engagements, norms and means have been the "hallmark" of today's world because of the "untamed" whimsical policies of the West and its "blind" and "biased" support to its regional as well as international allies around the globe. Unfortunately, the UN has been further "marginalized" because of "undemocratic" composition, utility and scope of its leadership "eroding" the real essence of globalization, economic cooperation and peace and stability in the world. Thus Xi's historic speech in the SCO is the first "giant" step towards achieving global equality, enhanced role of the developing countries and last but not least, further strengthening of the international system based on equality and justice. Ironically, the announcement of the Global Governance Initiative (GGI) has again started "criticism" in the Western media outlets and CNN in its latest published article termed it first step towards the formation of an "alternative world order" pushing back against the foundations of a US-led world order, opposing alliances like NATO enforcing the West's rules-based system. Frankly speaking, the GGI "vividly" reflects China's constructive, productive and participatory role in the global governance "rectifying" existing faulty lines and introducing a new mechanism of "consultative" diplomacy to promote peace, political stability, geopolitical sustainability and geo-strategic harmony in the world, resolving all issues and conflicts through dialogue, diplomacy and development instead of destruction and debris. It would be the first big "systematic" step towards achieving a "strategic equilibrium" in the working, efficacy and productivity of the international world order, catering to the genuine causes and concerns of the developing countries. Thus it would be supportive to BRI further transforming communities, countries and continents in the world. Definitely, it would further strengthen the role of Global South and the developing countries in world affairs, protecting their vested interests which subsequently gear the development potential of the BRI while safeguarding socio-economic security. It seems to be another important "public" good initiated by Xi with the world to promote building a more just and reasonable global governance system which is timely, holistic, comprehensive and "futuristic," disseminating the spirit of true "hope," "harmony" and "high values." The GGI adheres to sovereign equality, respects international law, practices multilateralism, advocates a people-centered approach and focuses on real actions addressing missing equality, justice, fairness and openness in global governance. It rejects Cold War mentality, hegemonism and protectionism while promoting connectivity as the true essence of the BRI. With peaceful coexistence, win-win cooperation, alignment with history and emphasis on geo-economics over geo-politics, it advances peace, prosperity, positivity, productivity and participation. The GGI promotes consultation, openness and shared benefits, integrating Chinese wisdom and public goods to address global challenges. By fostering a shared future for humanity, enhancing economic security, social equality, political stability and supply chain cooperation, it strengthens China's resolve for a prosperous, connected and productive world, earning wide applause and support while showcasing China's responsibility as a major power. Seemingly, our world is confronted with increasing trust deficit forcefully pushing towards the rule of the jungle instead of rule of the law, inequality instead of equality, injustice instead of justice and hegemony instead of universal harmony. However, the GGI has become a torchbearer of peace, humanity, socioeconomic equilibrium and a new normal achieving regional and global balancing act protecting the vested interests of the Global South and the developing countries. The pseudo intellectuals are objecting that Xi's previous global initiatives of development, security, civilization and now global governance do not have concrete outlines which are absolutely "untrue," "ineffectual" and based on "political hype." Candidly speaking these initiatives are not a corporate strategy of a company; rather these are the unique parameters and variables to achieve the highest goals of progress and prosperity around the globe in which the role of the BRI is paramount. Evidently, serious underrepresentation of the Global South because of the collective rise of emerging markets and developing countries should enhance the representation of the Global South and redress historical injustice. Moreover, corrosion of authoritativeness because of frequent violations of the principles of the UN Charter, denial of the resolutions of the Security Council and unilateral sanctions have de-shaped international law and disrupted the international order. Thus the GGI has become a new facilitator and stimulator of justice and equitable global governance. Moreover, lagging in the implementation of the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, rise in climate change and the digital divide have become a surgical strike to the Global South and the underdeveloping countries. New frontiers of artificial intelligence (AI), cyberspace and outer space have further imbalanced the equality equation between the West and the East. Hence the GGI has become a significant concern for the international community, seriously anticipating more perspectives and solutions from China. To conclude, the GGI has five core principles consisting of adhering to sovereign equality, abiding by international rule of law, practicing multilateralism, advocating the people-centered approach and focusing on taking real actions offering profound guidance to reform and improve global governance. Thus the GGI's sovereign equality, the international rule of law, multilateralism and the pro-people approach may be achieved by taking real actions. Obviously these five core principles are allied with the purposes and principles of the UN Charter.

https://pakobserver.net/bri-and-xis-global-governance-initiative-an-expert-analysis/

September 04, 2025

Business Recorder

Pakistan, China agree to continue working closely for upgraded CPEC-II

Pakistan and China on Thursday, expressing satisfaction over the positive trajectory of their relations, agreed to continue working closely on the next phase of upgraded China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC 2.0), with its five new corridors.

The bilateral ties and cooperation were discussed in a meeting between Prime Minister Muhammad Shehbaz Sharif and Chinese Premier Li Qiang here.

During their "warm and friendly" meeting, the prime minister expressed his deepest gratitude to the Chinese leadership and nation for their unflinching support to Pakistan's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and socio-economic development.

Building on the important consensus reached between President Xi Jinping and the Prime Minister in their meeting on Tuesday (September 02, 2025), both leaders reaffirmed their shared resolve to further strengthen the iron-clad, all-weather strategic cooperative partnership between Pakistan and China. The signing of the Joint Action Plan 2024-2029 was deemed as an important step in this regard.

Shehbaz, Putin vow to explore new avenues of cooperation

PM Shehbaz congratulated the Chinese leadership on the successful hosting of the SCO Council of Heads of State Summit in Tianjin and extended his felicitations to China on the 80th anniversary of the success of the Chinese people in the War of Resistance and World's Anti-Fascist War.

Paying rich tribute to China's impressive transformation under President Xi Jinping's visionary leadership, the prime minister stated that Pakistan wanted to emulate China's successes and build a stronger and closer Pakistan-China community with a shared future.

He noted that his government's tireless reform efforts were yielding promising results, made possible through China's strong support.

He also shared Pakistan's intent to float Panda Bonds in the Chinese capital market soon.

China's Xi reaffirms support for Pakistan in meeting with PM Shehbaz

On the economic front, the prime minister highlighted the significant contribution of the CPEC – a flagship project of President Xi's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI), in Pakistan's socio-economic development in the past decade, and stressed upon the need for early implementation of ML-I, KKH realignment and operationalization of the Gwadar Port.

Emphasizing on the vast potential for B2B cooperation and investment, the prime minister briefed the Chinese Premier on the B2B Investment Conference held earlier in the day, where more than 300 Pakistani and 500 Chinese companies were in attendance.

He identified agriculture, mines and minerals, textile, industrial sector and IT as priority areas for mutually beneficial economic collaboration.

The prime minister reiterated Pakistan's support for President Xi Jinping's landmark initiatives to strengthen multilateralism, including the Global Governance Initiative, Global Development Initiative, Global Security Initiative as well as Global Civilization Initiative.

Both countries would celebrate the 75th anniversary of the establishment of Pakistan-China diplomatic ties next year.

The two leaders also attended the ceremony of exchanging of Memorandums of Understanding and agreements signed and announced between the two countries with regard to cooperation in the development of CPEC 2.0, science and technology, IT, media, agriculture, etc.

The delegation-level talks were followed by a sumptuous luncheon, hosted by the Chinese Premier in honor of the prime minister and his delegation.

Later, Chin's Minister of Industry & Information Technology Li Lecheng also called on PM Shehbaz in Beijing today. The prime minister reiterated Pakistan's vision of deepening bilateral cooperation with China in industries, agriculture, trade, ICT, mining and minerals. He regarded CPEC as central pillar of Pakistan's socio-economic development and expressed satisfaction at its steady progress in Phase-II.

Admiring the Prime Minister's economic reform agenda, Minister Li emphasised that China regarded Pakistan as an ironclad brother and All-Weather Strategic Cooperative Partner. He expressed China's firm resolve to elevate bilateral relations with Pakistan to new heights of cooperation and collaboration.

https://www.brecorder.com/news/40381200/pakistan-china-agree-to-continue-working-closely-for-upgraded-cpec-ii

Dawn News

PM Shehbaz, Chinese premier reaffirm working on CPEC 2.0 as firms ink 21 MoUs

Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif and Chinese Premier Li Qiang reaffirmed on Thursday to work together on the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor's (CPEC) second phase in a meeting that the former termed "most productive" as business firms inked 21 memorandums of understanding (MoUs). Pakistan and China share a longstanding strategic partnership with ties that span various sectors, including trade, energy, defence, and infrastructure. PM Shehbaz is currently on a six-day visit to China, where he attended the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) summit held from August 31-September 1. "Both sides also agreed to continue working closely on the next phase of upgraded CPEC 2.0, with its five new corridors," said a statement today by the Press Information Department (PID) following the meeting in Beijing. The prime minister highlighted the "significant contribution" of the CPEC in Pakistan's socio-economic development in the past decade. He also stressed the need for early implementation of the Main Line-1 (ML-1) railway project, the Karakoram Highway realignment and operationalisation of the Gwadar Port. In a post on X, PM Shehbaz termed the meeting "warm and most productive". "I also invited Chinese companies to

enhance their investment footprint in Pakistan," the premier said, noting the leaders' agreement on advancing cooperation in information technology, agriculture, minerals, textiles and industry. PM Shehbaz said: "I thanked the Chinese leadership & the people for their steadfast support to Pakistan's socio-economic development, particularly through the successful implementation of CPEC, which was now entering its next phase. "Inspired by President Xi Jinping's visionary leadership, we remain committed to building a stronger Pakistan-China community with a shared future," he added.

https://www.dawn.com/news/1939636/pm-shehbaz-chinese-premier-reaffirm-working-on-cpec-20-as-firms-ink-21-mous

Pakistan, China ink-skill building pacts under CPEC's second phase

ISLAMABAD: The National Vocational and Technical Training Commission (NAVTTC) is hopeful that 11 professional and training programmes will be formally signed on Thursday between Pakistan and China under CPEC Phase II. According to a press release issued here, on the occasion of Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif's visit to China, Pakistan and China are set to sign 11 agreements aimed at launching professional training programmes in Pakistan under CPEC's second phase. The press release stated that the government aims to ensure the earliest completion of CPEC. In this regard, the PM entrusted the responsibility of preparing a highly skilled workforce for CPEC Phase II to the Federal Minister for Education and Professional Training, Dr Khalid Maqbool Siddiqui. Subsequently, the minister set the targets. On his instruction, Chairperson of NAVTTC Gulmina Bilal Ahmed visited China, presented a briefing, and requested Chinese authorities regarding the preparation of professional training programmes in Pakistan with Chinese cooperation under CPEC Phase II. "As a result, the Chinese side agreed to 11 specialised programmes which will benefit thousands of Pakistanis. These programmes include: training in the Chinese language along with the preparation of local instructors; initiatives in e-commerce, software technology, drone applications, agriculture, and medical laboratory sciences; development of curricula, digital courses, and degree programmes in modern fields such as intelligent manufacturing; provision of dual diploma and degree programmes offering Pakistani students opportunities to study in China; teacher exchange and training initiatives; establishment of specialised workshops and training centres in nursing, rehabilitation, pharmacy, smart health, non-ferrous metallurgy, and intelligent mining technologies; and internationally recognised certifications in key fields such as construction engineering, artificial intelligence, agriculture, and hospitality management," the press release read. It further stated that NAVTTC and the Government of China also signed 11 Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) related to these projects, under which the formal agreements will be signed on Thursday. Officials noted that these projects will not only contribute to preparing thousands of skilled individuals in Pakistan but will also create opportunities for dignified employment both within CPECrelated ventures and in the global job market," the press release added.

 $\underline{https://www.dawn.com/news/1939498/pakistan-china-ink-skill-building-pacts-under-cpecs-second-phase}$

Pakistan Observer

\$4.2 Billion MoUs signed as PM Shehbaz pushes Paki-China Business Ties

BEIJING – Prime Minister Muhammad Shehbaz Sharif unveiled a bold new vision for Pakistan-China economic cooperation, formally launching CPEC 2.0 during the Second Pakistan-China B2B Investment Conference in Beijing.

The event saw 21 memorandums of understanding (MoUs) worth \$4.2 billion signed across key sectors including agriculture, technology, minerals, and industrial development.

Addressing Chinese investors, PM Shehbaz Sharif promised to remove all bureaucratic hurdles and provide rapid facilitation. "We will not tolerate a second's delay. Chinese investors are partners, and their safety is paramount," he said, stressing Pakistan's commitment to a secure and investor-friendly environment.

Highlighting the achievements of the original CPEC agreement from 2015, the prime minister noted that Pakistan has become largely energy self-sufficient, transforming its infrastructure and industrial landscape.

With CPEC 2.0, the focus will shift to business-to-business (B2B) collaboration, including modernizing Pakistan's agriculture sector, promoting high-tech industries, and leveraging Special Economic Zones (SEZs) for competitive advantages in exports and manufacturing.

PM Shehbaz Sharif described the Pakistan-China relationship as "higher than the Himalayas, deeper than the oceans, and stronger than steel", recalling his first visit to China in 1982 and emphasizing the long-standing ties between the two nations.

https://pakobserver.net/pm-shehbaz-highlights-strategic-mous-across-sectors-during-b2b-conference-in-beijing/

The Express Tribune

Pakistan, China sign \$8.5b deals to boost B2B cooperation

Pakistan and China have signed multiple Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) and joint ventures worth \$8.5 billion to deepen business-to-business (B2B) collaboration in agriculture, industry, health, trade, mining, and minerals.

Addressing the signing ceremony in Beijing on Thursday, Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif described the agreements as the "long march of economic development" between the two nations. "This long march will commence from Beijing and conclude in Islamabad," he remarked.

The premier emphasized that this initiative aims to transform Pakistan into a thriving economy attracting billions in investment, creating millions of jobs, and strengthening the country's financial foundations. "We are resolved to work tirelessly until this long march of economic development reaches its destination," Shehbaz said.

Highlighting the launch of CPEC 2.0, the Prime Minister underlined agriculture as a key pillar. "Agriculture is the backbone of Pakistan's economy, contributing 60 percent to it.

China has excelled in this sector," he said. "I encourage Chinese companies to bring their experience, expertise, and investments to Pakistan to boost agricultural productivity, which will be a win-win for both countries."

Shehbaz also pointed to Information Technology and Artificial Intelligence as emerging fields for enhanced cooperation. "China is a global leader in these areas, and Pakistan stands to benefit greatly from collaboration here," he added. He further highlighted mining and minerals as areas with high potential for mutual investment.

Special Economic Zones (SEZs), he noted, are the pillars of CPEC 2.0. "Chinese industries can relocate to Pakistan and leverage a skilled yet cost-effective workforce. This is an opportunity for Chinese entrepreneurs to forge a win-win partnership," the Prime Minister said.

Security assurances for Chinese nationals working in Pakistan were also conveyed. "Their safety is of paramount importance, and we will take all necessary measures," Shehbaz stressed.

The Prime Minister concluded by praising the vision of Chinese President Xi Jinping, crediting his leadership for the ongoing development and economic prosperity in China. Earlier, both countries reaffirmed their commitment to strengthening bilateral cooperation by signing the Joint Action Plan 2024-2029.

The development builds on the consensus reached earlier this week in a meeting between President Xi Jinping and Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif.

Moreover, Pakistan and China have expressed satisfaction over the positive trajectory of their ties and agreed to continue working closely on the next phase of the upgraded China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC 2.0), featuring five new corridors.

The understanding came during PM Shahbaz's meeting with Chinese Premier Li Qiang in Beijing.

The PM expressed gratitude to the Chinese leadership and people for their unwavering support to Pakistan's territorial integrity, sovereignty, and socio-economic development. He also congratulated China on the hosting of the SCO Council of Heads of State Summit in Tianjin and extended felicitations on the 80th anniversary of the success of the Chinese people in the War of Resistance and World's Anti-Fascist War.

Highlighting the role of CPEC in Pakistan's development over the past decade, Shehbaz stressed the need for early implementation of the ML-I project, KKH realignment and operationalization of Gwadar Port. He emphasized vast potential for B2B cooperation, citing agriculture, mines and minerals, textiles, the industrial sector and IT as priority areas. The premier also briefed his counterpart on the B2B Investment Conference held earlier in the day, which drew more than 300 Pakistani and 500 Chinese companies.

PM Shehbaz reached Tianjin on Saturday to attend the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) summit.

The prime minister is accompanied by Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Ishaq Dar, Planning Minister Ahsan Iqbal, Information Minister Attaullah Tarar, and senior government officials. During the summit, the PM is to present Pakistan's perspective on pressing regional and global issues, outlining strategies to strengthen the SCO's role in fostering cooperation and stability.

The Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO), founded in 2001 by China, Russia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan, is a permanent intergovernmental body aimed at fostering political, economic, security, and cultural cooperation, while upholding the "Shanghai Spirit" of mutual trust, equality, and non-alignment.

Its supreme decision-making body is the Council of Heads of State, with the Secretariat in Beijing and the Regional Anti-Terrorist Structure in Tashkent serving as permanent institutions.

Today, the SCO includes 10 member states — including Pakistan, India, Iran, and Belarus — alongside two observer states and 14 dialogue partners. The organization has forged partnerships with international and regional bodies such as the United Nations (UN), the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), the Economic Cooperation Organization (ECO), and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), formalized through multiple memoranda of understanding since 2005.

 $\frac{https://tribune.com.pk/story/2565022/pakistan-china-reaffirms-partnership-with-new-joint-action-plan-2024-2029}{}$

Jang News

چین کو روکنا ناممکن،صدر شی کی وزیر اعظم شہباز، پیوٹن اور شمالی کوریا کے رہنما کے ساتھ پرشکوہ فوجی پریڈ میں شرکت، سہ جہتی جوہری نظام کی رونمائی

بیجنگ (شِنبو ا/مانیٹرنگ ڈیسک)چین کے صدر شی جن پنگ کا کہنا ہے کہ چینی عوام اور ملک کی نشاۃ ثانیہ کو روکنا ممکن نہیں'انسانیت ایک بار پھر امن یا جنگ، مکالمر یا محاذ آرائی اور باہمی فائدے یا اپنے فائدے کے لئے دوسرے کے نقصان کے کھیل کے درمیان انتخاب کے دوراہے پر کھڑی ہے' انسانیت کو جنگل کے قانون کی طرف واپس نہیں جانا چاہیے'چینی عوام تاریخ کی درست سمت میں مضبوطی سے کھڑے ہیں'دھونس دھمکی سے خوفزدہ ہونے والے نہیں۔ تفصیلات کے مطابق چین نے دوسری عالمی جنگ کے اختتام پر جاپان کی شکست کے 80 سال مکمل ہونے کی یاد میں بدھ کو بیجنگ میں فوجی طاقت کا شاندارمظاہرہ کیا ' تیان من اسکوائر میں ہونےو الی پرشکوہ فوجی پریڈ میں شی جن پنگ کے ساتھ روسی صدر ولادیمیر پوٹن اور شمالی کوریا کے رہنما کم جونگ اُن اور وزیراعظم شہبازشریف موجودتھے 'پریڈ میں25ممالک کے سربراہان نے شرکت کی ' تیان من اسکوائر میں 50ہزار سے زائد افرادکے اجتماع سے خطاب کرتے ہوئے صدرشی جن ۔ پنگ کا کہنا تھاکہ چین پرامن ترقی کے راستے پر گامزن رہنے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے'چینی عوام تاریخ کی درست رخ پر انسانیت کی ترقی کے ساتھ کھڑے رہیں گے' پرامن ترقی کے راستے پر قائم رہیں گے اور دنیا کے دیگر ممالک کے ساتھ مل کر مشترکہ مستقبل پر مبنی انسانی معاشرے کی تشکیل کے لئے کام کریں گے۔ صدر شی جن پنگ نے اعلان کیا کہ چین ایک عظیم قوم ہے جو کبھی بھی کسی دھونس دھمکی سے خوفزدہ نہیں ہوتی۔ بعداز ان صدر شی جن بنگ نے کھلی گاڑی میں بیٹھ کر فوجی دستوں اور جدید ہتھیاروں کا معائنہ کیا، جن میں ہائپر سونک میزائل' زیرآب ڈرون اور ہتھیاروں سے لیس روبوٹ وولف شامل تھے، 70 منٹ طویل اس مظاہرے میں ہیلی کاپٹروں نے بڑے بینرزلہرائے اور لڑاکا طیارے فارمیشن بناکر پرواز کرتے رہے، جبکہ آخر میں 80 ہزار امن کے پرندے آزاد کیے گئے۔ پریڈ کے بعد عوامی ہال میں ایک شاندار استقبالیہ میں شی جن پنگ نے کہا کہ انسانیت کو جنگل کے قانون کی طرف واپس نہیں جانا چاہیے۔

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ڈیلز،ایونٹ میں پاکستان اور چین کی 898کمپنیاں شریکBtBسی پیک2.0کسے تحت

اسلام آباد (رانا غلام قادر/خالد مصطفیٰ)چین کے ساتھ معاشی تعلقات کو نئی جہت دینے کے لیے پاکستان بیجنگ میں سی میٹنگ میں شریک ہے۔ اس (BtB) پیک فیز 2.0 کے فریم ورک کے تحت اپنی تاریخ کی سب سے بڑی بزنس ٹو بزنس ایونٹ میں پاکستان اور چین کی 898 کمپنیاں شریک ہیں، جن کا مقصد مشترکہ منصوبے قائم کرنا، ٹیکنالوجی کی منتقلی اور صنعتی تعاون کو گہرا کرنا ہے۔حکومتی عہدیداروں کے مطابق 343 پاکستانی کمپنیاں، 579 نمائندوں کے ساتھ، 549 چینی کمپنیوں سے منظم میچ میکنگ سیشنز میں ملاقاتیں کر رہی ہیں۔ یہ اقدام سی پیک فیز 1.0 کے حکومت سے حکومت انفراسٹرکچر ماڈل سے ہٹ کر نجی شعبے پر مبنی پائیدار معاشی حکمت عملی کی جانب ایک اہم پیش رفت ہے۔اسپیشل نے ترجیحی شعبوں کی فہرست مرتب کی ہے جن میں شامل ہیں،زراعت (SIFC) 87) انویسٹمنٹ فسیلیٹیشن کونسل كمينياں)اليكٹرک گاڑياں اور آٹو پارٹس (58)،آئى سى ٹى، سافٹ ويئر اور فِن ٹيک (57)،آئرن، اسٹيل اور كاپر (37)،كيميكلز اور پیٹرو کیمیکلز (28)،سولر اور انرجی اسٹوریج (32)،ٹیکسٹائل (35)،لیدر (10)،رئیل اسٹیٹ اور ڈویلپمنٹ (12)شامل ہیں، ان بزنس ٹرانزیکشنز کا مقصد پاکستانی کمپنیوں کو ایسے چینی شراکت داروں سے جوڑنا ہے جو سرمایہ، ٹیکنالوجی اور عالمي سيلائي چينز تک رسائي فراېم کر سکين اس موقع پر وزير اعظم شېباز شريف، آرمي چيف فيلا مارشل سيد عاصم منير اور ڈپٹی وزیر اعظم اسحاق ڈار سمیت 60 سے زائد اعلیٰ حکومتی عہدیدار بیجنگ میں موجود ہیں۔ وفاقی وزراء اور سیکریٹریز برائے پلاننگ، کامرس، انڈسٹریز اور بورڈ آف انویسٹمنٹ بھی وفد کا حصہ ہیں۔ وزیر پیٹرولیم علی پرویز ملک بھی کیمیکلز، پیٹرو کیمیکلز اور مائننگ کے شعبوں میں بات چیت کی قیادت کیلئے شریک ہیں۔ ہایونٹ پاکستان کی معیشت کیلئے ایک نازک وقت پر آیا ہے کیونکہ پاکستان اور چین کے درمیان تجارتی خسارہ بڑھتا جا رہا ہے۔ مالی سال 2024-25 میں پاکستان کی چین کو بر آمدات صرف 2.38 ارب ڈالر رہیں جبکہ در آمدات 16.31 ارب ڈالر تک جا پہنچیں، یعنی 14 ارب الله سر زائد كا خساره. بچهلر سال بهي صورت حال ملتي جلتي ربي.

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پاکستانی بھینسوں کے ایمبریوز سے چین میں 400سے زائد بچوں کی پیدائش

اسلام آباد (آن لائن)چین میں پاکستان سے برآمد کیے بھینس کے ایمبریوز سے 400 سے زائد صحت مند بچوں کی پیدائش اور 500 سے زائد نئے حمل قرار پانے کی اطلاعات ملی ہیں، یہ مویشی پالنے کی جدید بائیوٹیکنالوجی میں پاک چین تعاون کا ایک غیر معمولی سنگ میل قرار دیا جا رہا ہے۔ رائل سیل بایوٹیکنالوجی (پاکستان) کے ٹیکنیکل ڈائریکٹر ڈاکٹر قیصر کا ایک غیر معمولی سنگ میل قرار دیا جا رہا ہے۔ گوادر پرو کے مطابق ڈاکٹر قیصر نے کہاکہ رائل سیل بائیوٹیکنالوجی (پاکستان) نے 2024 میں نیلی راوی بھینس جو دودھ کی زیادہ پیداوار کے لیے جانی جاتی ہے۔

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The Lesson of SCO Summit

شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کا حالیہ 25واں سربراہی اجلاس چاننا کے شہر تیانجن میں ہوا جو تنظیم کی تاریخ کا سب سے بڑا اجلاس تھا،اس میں بیس ممالک کے سربراہان شریک ہوئے۔ اس اجلاس کی خاص بات یہ تھی کہ اس میں انڈین پرائم منسٹر نریندرمودی سات برس بعد شریک ہوئے اس سے پہلے وہ اپنے نمائندوں کو بھیجتے رہے ہیں۔ مودی کی آمد اس لیے بھی اہمیت کی حامل تھی کہ حالیہ دنوں امریکی صدر ترمپ نے انڈیا پرجو پچاس فیصد ٹیرف لگایا ہے اس سے انڈیا اور امریکا امریکی صدر ترمپ کا قریب ترین اتحادی مانا جاتا رہا ہے جبکہ شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کو ایک طرح سے امریکا اور اس کے مغربی اتحادیوں کے بالمقابل طاقتور تنظیم کی حیثیت سے پیش کیا جاتا ہے۔ امریکی صدر ترمپ کا بنیادی سلوگن ہی یہ ہے کہ چاننا کی ابھرتی طاقت کو کسی بھی طرح دبایا جائے، یہی وجہ ہے کہ انھوں نے تیانجن سمٹ کو ناپسند کرتے ہوئے اسے محض نمائشی کاروائی قرار دیا ہے، چاننا اور رشیا کی مشترکہ خواہش رہی ہے کہ انڈیا امریکی اتحادی بننے کی بجائے ان کی قربت میںرہے جیسے کہ چینی صدر شی جن پنگ نے اپنے خطاب میں کہا ہے کہ 'ورلڈ آرڈر کے نام پر غنڈہ گردی اور دھمکی آمیز رویہ قابل مذمت ہے''اس میں اگرچہ انہوں نے امریکا کانام میں اگر بیان نان کا اشارہ واضح تھا، چینی صدر نے مغرب پر تنقید کرتے ہوئے یہ بھی کہا کہ ہمیں اس کی بالادستی اور نہی سے سے سے تھا تھی کہا کہ ہمیں اس کی بالادستی اور کو پس پشت ڈال کر باہمی اتفاق رائے کو فروغ دیں ایک دوسرے کے دوست اور پارٹٹر بنیں۔ صدر شی نے انڈیا چائنا تعلقات کی مثال دیتے ہوئےکہا کہ بدشبہ ہمارے سرحدی تناز عات بھی ہیں لیکن ان معاملات کو ہمارے مجموعی تعلقات پر حاوی کی مثال دیتے ہوئےکہا کہ بدشبہ ہمارے سرحدی تناز عات بھی ہیں لیکن ان معاملات کو جمرے مورید بڑھانا چاہتے نہیں ہیں ہونا چاہیے۔ ہم ایک دوسرے کی کامیابی کیلئے اچھے پارٹٹر ہیں ہم اپنے تجارتی تعلقات کے حجم کو مزید بڑھانا چاہتے نہیں ہیں ہونا چاہتے۔

پاکستانی پر ائم منسٹر شہباز شریف نے اس بات ہیں، ڈریگن اور ہاتھی کے مشترکہ رقص کی طرح تعاون و اتحاد ضروری ہے۔ پر زور دیا کہ ہم اپنے تمام ہمسایوں سے معمول کے تعلقات چاہتے ہیں جبکہ انڈین پرائم منسٹر نے آتنک واد یا ٹیررارزم کی بھرپور مذمت کی یوں جو مشترکہ اعلامیہ جاری ہوا اس میں تقریباً تمام رکن ممالک کے مطالبات یا تقاضوں کو پیش نظر رکھتے ہوئے کسی ایک پر الزام لگانے یا نام لینے کی بجائے ایک عمومی بات کی گئی۔اس میں جہاں پاکستان کے مطالبہ پر جعفر ایکسپریس اور خضدار حملے کی مذمت کی گئی وہیں بھارتی مطالبے پر سانحۂ پہلگام کی دہشت گردی کو قابلِ مذمت قراردیا گیا ۔ 2015ء میں ایران جوہری معاہدے کی توثیق کی گئی تھی اس کے خلاف یواین قرارداد کی دوبارہ تشریح پر خبردارکیا گیا۔ غزہ میں شہری ہلاکتوں کا سبب بننے والے اقدامات اور ایران پر امریکی و اسرائیلی حملوں کی بھی مذمت کی گئی۔ افغانستان میں پائیدار امن کے لیے تمام سیاسی و نسلی گروہوں کے نمائندوں کی شمولیت سے حکومت کے قیام کا مطالبہ کیا گیا۔ دہشت گرد گروہوں کو سیاسی یا پراکسیز کی حیثیت سے استعمال کرنا ناقابلِ قبول قراردیا گیا۔ مجموعی طور پر شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کے سربراہی اجلاس کا اعلامیہ بڑی حد تک متوازن قراردیا جاسکتا ہے۔ اگلی بات اقتصادی حوالے سے رکن ممالک میں تعاون کی مختلف راہیں تراشنا ہیں جسکی سب سے بڑی ذمہ داری خود چینی قیادت پر عائد ہوتی ہے نے تاکہ ٹرمپ اپروچ کے بالمقابل ایشیائی اتحاد میں بہتر معاونت اور ترقی کے مواقع پیدا ہوسکیں جس طرح پریذیڈنٹ شی چائنا اور انڈیا کو حریف کی بجائے حلیف قراردیا اسی طرح پرائم منسٹر مودی نے سرحدی اختلاف کے باوجود چائنا انڈیا سٹریٹجک ریلیشنز اور تعاون پر زور دیتے ہوئے کہا کہ ان تعلقات کو کسی تیسرے ملک کی نظر سے نہیں دیکھاجانا چاہیے۔ دیکھا جائے تو یہ انڈیا کی مجبوری ہے پچھلی ربع صدی سے انڈیا امریکی اتحادی کی حیثیت سے چائنا مخالف گردانا جاتا رہا ہے۔ باسٹھ کی خوفناک جنگ کے بعد، 2020ء میں دونوں ممالک کے درمیان گلوان ویلی کی سرحدی جھڑپیں بھی ہوچکی امریکا آسٹریلیا اور جاپان سے مل کر انڈیا اس کواڈ کا حصہ ہے جس کا مدعا ہی چائنا کا گھیراؤہے تاکہ تائیوان پر کسی ہیں۔ نوع کا کوئی ایشو پیدا ہو تو مشترکہ اقدامات کیے جاسکیں لیکن ٹرمپ کی عاقبت نا اندیشی نے بالفعل کواڈ کوہی معطل کر ڈالا ہے سفارت کار حالیہ تیانجن سمٹ سے یہ توقع کررہے تھے کہ شاید شہبازمودی ملاقات یا کم از کم شیک ہینڈ کی کوئی صورت نکل آئے لیکن بوجوہ یہ ہونہ سکا، درویش کو اس موقع پر وہ تاریخی لمحات یاد آئے جب کشیدگی کی ایسی ہی فضا میں سارک کانفرنس منعقد ہوئی جس سے پاکستانی صدر جنرل پرویز مشرف خطاب کرنے کے بعد ڈائس سے واپس جانے کی بجائے،سامنے سے گزرتے ہوئے سٹیج پر بیٹھے پرائم منسٹر واجپائی کے روبرو جاپہنچے اور انکی طرف ہاتھ بڑھایا، واجپائی حیرت کے باوجود ایک دم اٹھے اور گرمجوشی سے ان کاسواگت کیا، یوں اس مصافحہ کی عالمی سطح پر خوب چرچا ہوئی اور باہمی منافرت کی کچھ برف بھی پگھلی۔ اگر آپ خالصتاً قومی مفاد میں سوچیں تو انڈیا دشمنی کا خاتمہ پچیس کروڑ پاکستانی عوام کے زیادہ مفاد میں ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں آپ لوگوں کو چینی صدر شی جن پنگ کی شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کے سربراہی اجلاس میں کی گئی تقریر اور انڈیا کے متعلق ان کے اظہار خیال سے بہت کچھ سیکھنے کی ضرورت ہے یہ کہ شدید ترین سرحدی تناز عات کے باوجود ان معاملات کو مجموعی تعلقات پر حاوی نہیں ہونا چاہیے ۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/953042

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Dawn News

Accords worth \$8.5bn signed during PM's China visit

Syed Irfan Raza

- Premier meets his counterpart, pledges close coordination on CPEC 2.0
- Reiterates commitment to protecting Chinese citizens, promises 'no red tape' for investors
- Terms skilled workforce a 'comparative advantage'

ISLAMABAD: Pakistan and China on Thursday vowed to further cement bilateral trade and strategic ties, as both sides inked 21 different MoUs and joint ventures worth around \$8.5 billion, besides formally launching the second phase of the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) project.

The MoUs were signed between the two countries with regard to cooperation in the development of CPEC 2.0, science and technology, IT, media, investment, agriculture, etc.

On the last day of his visit to China, PM Shehbaz Sharif met his counterpart, Premier Li Qiang, and attended an investors' conference.

According to the PM Office, PM Shehbaz and his Chinese counterpart reaffirmed to work together in a meeting that the former termed "most productive".

Both sides also agreed to continue working closely on the next phase of upgraded CPEC 2.0, with its five new corridors," an official statement said.

During the meeting, the prime minister highlighted the "significant contribution" of the CPEC to Pakistan's socio-economic development in the past decade. He also stressed the need for early implementation of the Main Line-1 (ML-1) railway project, the Karakoram Highway realignment and operationalisation of the Gwadar Port.

"I also invited Chinese companies to enhance their investment footprint in Pakistan," the PM wrote on X, adding that the leaders' agreement on advancing cooperation in information technology, agriculture, minerals, textiles and industry.

PM Shehbaz also shared Pakistan's intent to float Panda Bonds, a type of debt security issued by foreign entities denominated in Chinese yuan (RMB), in the Chinese capital market soon.

https://www.dawn.com/news/1939781/accords-worth-85bn-signed-during-pms-china-visit

Jang News

پاک چین 8.5 ارب ڈالر کے معاہدے

اسلام آ باد(نیوز رپورٹر)پاکستان اور چین نے زراعت 'الیکٹرک وہیکلز'شمسی توانائی صحت' کیمیکل ویپٹرو کیمیکلز' آئرن اورا سٹیل سمیت مختلف شعبوں میں تعاون کے فروغ اور سرمایہ کاری کے لئے 8 ارب 50 کروڑ ڈالر مالیت کے21 مشترکہ منصوبوں اور مفاہمتی یادداشتوں پر دستخط کئے ہیں وزیراعظم محمد شہباز شریف نے چینی سرمایہ کاروں کو پاکستان میں خصوصی اقتصادی زونز سمیت مختلف شعبوں میں سرمایہ کاری کی دعوت دیتے ہوئے یقین دہانی کرائی ہے کہ سرمایہ کاری کی راہ میں حائل تمام سرخ فیتے ختم کریں گے'چین اور پاکستان کے مشترکہ شراکت داروں کے درمیان دستخط ہونے والمے معاہدوں کی مالیت ڈیڑھ ارب ڈالر ہے' اس کے علاوہ دونوں ممالک کے کاروباری رہنماؤں کے درمیان مفاہمتی یادداشتوں پر بھی دستخط ہوئے جن کی مالیت سات ارب ڈالر ہے یوں مجموعی طور پر آج دستخط ہونے والے مشترکہ منصوبوں اور مفاہمتی یادداشتوں کی مالیت 8 ارب 50 کروڑ ڈالر تک پہنچ گئی ہے' اقتصادی ترقی کا لانگ مارچ بیجنگ سے شروع ہوکر اور اسلام آباد اپنی منزل پر پہنچ کرختم ہوگا ' جوائنٹ ایکشن پلان پر دستخط اہم سنگ میل ہے 'پاک چین بی ٹو بی کانفرنس اور مفاہمت کی یادداشتوں پر عمادر آمد دونوں ممالک کی اقتصادی ترقی کیلئے لانگ مارچ ہوگا'یہ لانگ مارچ پاکستان کو ایسے ملک میں تبدیل کر دے گا جہاں اربوں ڈالر کی سرمایہ کاری ہوگی'منافع بخش روزگار کے لاکھوں مواقع پیدا ہوں گے،جی ڈی پی ترقی کرے گی اور معیشت مضبوط ہوگی'پاکستان چین کے ساتھ سی پیک کے دوسرے مرحلے میں تعاون چاہتا ہے' چین کی ترقی ہمارے لئے رول ماڈل ہے'چینی سرمایہ کاروں کے مسائل ترجیحی بنیادوں پر حل کئے جائیں گے،چینی صنعتوں کو پاکستان میں منتقلی سے سستی لیبر سمیت دیگر سہولیات میسر ہوں گی،پاکستان میں چینی بھائیوں کی سکیورٹی پر کوئی سمجھوتہ نہیں ہوگا۔ جمعرات کو بیجنگ مینپاکستان چین بی ٹو بی سرمایہ کاری کانفرنس کے موقع پر مفاہمت کی یادداشتوں اور جوائنٹ وینچرز پر دستخط کئے گئے۔اس موقع پر نائب وزیراعظم وزیر خارجہ اسحاق ڈار،متعلقہ وفاقی وزراء اور ممتاز پاکستانی اور چینی کمپنیوں کے نمائندوں کی بڑی تعداد بھی موجود تھی۔1اعشاریہ 54 ارب ڈالر کے جوائنٹ وینچرز ہائی ٹیک' زراعت' میڈیکل و صحت 'کیمیکل و پیٹرو کیمیکل' آئرن سٹیل و تانبے، شمسی توانائی، الیکٹرک وہیکلز کے شعبوں سے متعلقہ کمپنیوں کے نمائندوں نے مفاہمت کی یادداشتوں اور جوائنٹ وینچرز پر دستخط کئے پاکستان چین بی ٹو بی سرمایہ کاری کانفرنس سے خطاب کرتے ہوئے وزیر اعظم نے کہا کہ چینی سرمایہ کاری سے 22، 22 گھنٹوں کی لوڈ شیڈنگ کا خاتمہ ہوا اور 2018ء میں پاکستان توانائی کی ضروریات میں خود انحصار ہو گیا، صنعتیں بحال ہوئیں'انفراسٹرکچر کے بڑے منصوبے، روڈ نیٹ ورک، اورنج لائن لاہور، ڈیمز اور دیگر بہت سے منصوبے شروع ہوئے اور پاکستان کی معیشت کو ترقی ملی لیکن بدقسمتی سے درمیان میں یہ سلسلہ رک گیا لیکن آج نہ صرف یہ منصوبے بحال ہوئے بلکہ دوطرفہ اعتماد، باہمی احترام اور گرمجوشی میں اضافہ ہوا۔ وزیراعظم نے کہا کہ آج ہم سی پیک 2.0 کا آغاز کرنے جا رہے ہیں، یہ سی پیک 2.0 بی ٹو بی سرمایہ کاری پر مشتمل ہے۔ چینی سرمایہ کاروں اور کاروباری شخصیات کو کروت دیتا ہوں کہ اپنے تجربات، مہارتیں اور سرمایہ کاری پاکستان کے زرعی شعبہ پر صرف کریں اور زراعت کو فروغ دیوت دیتا ہوں کہ اپنے دونوں ممالک کو فائدہ ہو گا۔

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چین، پاکستان اور آرمی پریڈ

دنیا میں کوئی عہد، دوریا زمانہ ہمیشہ ایک سا نہیں رہا اور نہ ہی کسی ملک یا سلطنت کے عروج کو دوام ہے ۔ ایک صدی قبل برطانیہ دنیا کا حاکم تھا لیکن پہلی اور پھر دوسری عالمی جنگ کے بعد اپنی یہ حیثیت کھو بیٹھا ۔ اسکے بعد امریکہ اور سوویت یونین کی صورت میں دو عالمی طاقتیں ابھریں اور باہم برسرکار ہو گئیں ۔سوویت یونین کی تحلیل کے بعد امریکہ دنیا کا پردھان بن گیا اور دنیا کے کئی ممالک کو تہ و بالا کر دیا لیکن اب چین کی ہر شعبہ زندگی میں بےمثال ترقی نے اسےمشکل میں ڈال دیا ہے یہ سچ ہے کہ عالمی نظام پھر سے تبدیل ہونے جا رہا ہے ۔شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کے اجلاس کے بعدچین کے صدر شی جن پنگ نے کہا کہ چینی عوام اور ملک کی نشاۃ ثانیہ کو روکنا ممکن نہیں'انسانیت ایک بار پھر امن یا جنگ، مکالمے یا محاذ آرائی اور باہمی فائدے یا اپنے فائدےکیلئے دوسرے کے نقصان کے کھیل کے درمیان انتخاب کے دوراہے پر کھڑی ہے' انسانیت کو جنگل کے قانون کی طرف واپس نہیں جانا چاہیے۔ چین نے دوسری عالمی جنگ کے اختتام پر جاپان کی شکست کے 80 سال مکمل ہونے کی یاد میں بدھ کو بیجنگ میں فوجی طاقت کا شاندار مظاہرہ کیا ' تیان من اسکوائر میں ہونیو الی پریڈ میں شی جن پنگ کے ساتھ روسی صدر پوٹن اور شمالی کوریا کے رہنما کم جونگ اُن اور وزیراعظم شہباز شریف موجودتھے 'پریڈ میں25ممالک کے سربراہان نے شرکت کی۔ اس موقع پر صدرشی جن پنگ کا کہنا تھاکہ چین پرامن ترقی کے راستے پر گامزن رہنے کیلئےپُرعزم ہے'چینی عوام تاریخ کے درست رخ پر انسانیت کی ترقی کے ساتھ کھڑے رہیں گے اور دنیا کے دیگر ممالک کے ساتھ مل کر مشترکہ مستقبل پر مبنی انسانی معاشرے کی تشکیل کیلئے کام کرینگے، چین ایک عظیم قوم ہے جو کبھی بھی کسی دھونس دھمکی سے خوفزدہ نہیں ہوتی۔ بعدازاں صدر شی جن پنگ نے کھلی گاڑی میں بیٹھ کر فوجی دستوں اور جدید ہتھیاروں کا معائنہ کیا، جن میں ہائپر سونک میزائل' زیرآب ڈرون اور ہتھیاروں سے لیس روبوٹ وولف شامل تھے۔ چین نے یوم فتح کی فوجی پریڈ میں پہلی بار اپنی زمینی' سمندری اور فضائی تزویراتی طاقتوں کو سہ جہتی جوہری نظام کے طور پر پیش کیا۔پریڈ میں مائع ایندھن سے چلنے والے جدید بین کو پہلی مرتبہ عوام کے سامنے پیش کیا۔ماہرین نے چینی میڈیا کو بتایا کہ DF-5C البراعظمی اسٹرٹیجک جوہری میزائل کی رینج 20 ہزار کلومیٹر سے زائد ہے اور یہ دفاعی نظام کو چکمہ دینے اور انتہائی درستی کے ساتھ ہدف کو DF-5C نشانہ بنانے کی صلاحیت رکھتا ہے۔علاوہ ازیں بیجنگ نے فضائی دفاع کیلئے استعمال ہونے والے جدید ترین لیزر اور ہائی پاور مائیکرو ویو ہتھیار متعارف کروادیہ جبکہ غیر معمولی صلاحیتوں اور ڈیزائن کے حامل جنگی ڈرونزاور بغیر پائلٹ اڑنے والا بیلی کاپٹربھی سامنے لے آیا۔امریکی صدر ڈونلڈ ٹرمپ نے الزام عائدکیاکہ ولادیمیر پیوٹن' شی جن پنگ، اور کم جونگ اُن بیجنگ میں امریکا کے خلاف سازش کیلئے اکٹھے ہوئے ہیں یورپی یونین کی خارجہ پالیسی کی سربراہ کاکہنا ہے کہ نیا عالمی نظام تشکیل پارہا ہے'،بیجنگ کے مناظر عالمی نظام کو براہ راست چیلنج ہیں،عالمی ہلچل میں یورپ کو اپنی جیو پولیٹکل طاقت کا مظاہرہ کرنا ہوگا۔درحقیقت امریکی صدر اور یورپی یونین کی اپنے بارے میں تشویش بے جا نہیں ،اس لیے کہ وہ اس حقیقت کو فراموش کر رہے ہیں کہ دنیا اب جنگوں کی نہیں امن اور ترقی کی خواہاں ہے جین کی خوبی یہ ہے کہ وہ پرامن و پائیدار ترقی میں سب کو ساتھ لے کر چلنے کا داعی ہےاور یہی بات دنیا کے بیشتر ممالک کو اس کے قریب لا رہی ہے ۔ امریکہ اور یورپ بھی چین کی یہ روش اپنا سکتے ہیں۔تاہم ضروری ہے کہ وہ دنیا کو پر امن ہی رہنے دیں اسی میں ان کا بھی بھلا ہے ۔

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سیاسی منظر نامہ :وزیر اعظم کا دورہ ،پاک چین تعلقات نئی وسعتوں کو چھونے لگے

اسلام آباد (طاہر خلیل) وزیر اعظم میاں شہباز شریف کے دورہ چین کے بعد پاک چین تعلقات میں نئی وسعتوں کو چھونے لگے ،چین کی عسکری ٹیکنالوجی نے دنیا میں تہلکہ مچا دیا ۔ دوسری طرف سیاسی فضائوں میں وزیر اعلیٰ گنڈہ پو ر کی طرف سے کالا باغ ڈیم ملک میں صدارتی نظام لانے اورنئے صوبے بنانے کے مطالبات کی حمایت گونج ہے، وزیر اعلیٰ گنڈہ پور نے نئی سیاسی بحث چھیڑ دی۔ وزیر اعظم شہباز شریف کے حالیہ دورہ چین میں سی پیک فیز ٹو ، ساڑھے 8 ارب گنڈہ پور نے نئی سیاسی بحث چھیڑ دی۔ وزیر اعظم شہباز شریف کے حالیہ دورہ چین میں سی پیک فیز ٹو ، ساڑھے 8 ارب ڈالر کے سمجھوتے 5 نئے کوریڈور ز بنانے پر اتفاق اور دیگر بڑے منصوبوں پر عمل درآمد تیز کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا گیا ، دورے کا سب سے اہم پہلو بیجنگ میں چین کی عسکری ٹیکنالوجی کا بھر پور مظاہرہ تھا، جس نے دنیا میں تہلکہ مچا رکھا ہے ۔ اور دنیا میں یہ بات چل رہی ہے کہ چین گریٹ پاور بن گیا ہے ۔ دنیا میں طاقت کا توازن ایشیا کی جانب شفٹ ہو رہا ہے اور یہ ثابت ہور ہا ہے کہ 21 ویں صدی ایشیائی صدی ہے ۔ چین کی عسکری طاقت کے مظاہرے میں ایسے ہائپرسونک میزائیل دکھائے گئے جو 20 ہزار کلو میٹر تک اپنے ہدف کو گرانے کی صلاحیت رکھتے ہیں ،وزیر اعظم کے وفد میں وفاقی وزرا کے ساتھ فیلڈ مارشل بھی شامل تھے ،پاکستان شنگھائی تعاون تنظیم کا مرکز نگاہ بنا رہا ۔

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یاک چین معاہدے

بلاشبہ ہمالہ سے بلند پاک چین دوستی وقت کے ساتھ مضبوط سے مضبوط تر ہوئی ہے اوروزیراعظم شہباز شریف کے دورہ چین میں دونوں ملکوں میں طے پانیوالےاربوں ڈالر کےمعاہدے اس بات کا بین ثبوت ہیں کہ دوستی کا یہ سفر اپنی پوری قوت سے بلندیوں کی جانب گامزن ہے بیجنگ میں ہونے والی پاکستان چین بی ٹو بی سرمایہ کاری کانفرنس میندونوں ملکوں میں زراعت،الیکٹرک وہیکلز،شمسی توانائی،صحت،کیمیکل وپیٹرو کیمیکلز،آئرن اورا سٹیل سمیت مختلف شعبوں میں تعاون کے فروغ اور سرمایہ کاری کیلئے 8ارب 50کروڑ ڈالر مالیت کے21 مشترکہ منصوبوں اور مفاہمتی یادداشتوں پر دستخط کئےگئے ۔وزیراعظم شہباز شریف نے کانفرنس میں چینی سرمایہ کاروں کو سرمایہ کاری کی راہ میں حائل تمام سرخ فیتے و مشکلات ختم کرنے کی بھی یقین دہانی کرائی جس سے ایک طرف قیمتی وقت بچنے کے ساتھ انویسٹرز کا اعتماد بھی بحال ہوگا جو یقیناملکی صنعت کی نمو کیلئے ضروری امر ہے۔وزیراعظم نے اس موقع پربجا کہا کہ جوائنٹ ایکشن پلان پر دستخط اہم سنگ میل ہے،اس پر عملدر آمد دونوں ممالک کی اقتصادی ترقی کیلئے لانگ مارچ ہوگا،یہ لانگ مارچ پاکستان کو ایسے ملک میں تبدیل کر دے گا جہاں اربوں ڈالر کی سرمایہ کاری ہوگی،منافع بخش روزگار کے لاکھوں مواقع پیدا ہونگے سی پیک پر تیزی سے کام پایہ تکمیل تک پہنچانے کیلئےوزیراعظم شہباز شریف نے سی پیک کے دوسرے مرحلے مینچین سے تعاون کی درخواست کرتے ہوئے مزید کہا کہ چین کی ترقی ہمارے لئےرول ماڈل ہےچینی صنعتوں کو پاکستان میں منتقلی سے سستی لیبر سمیت دیگر سہولیات میسر ہوں گی جبکہ چینی بھائیوں کے سیکورٹی پر کوئی سمجھوتہ نہیں ہو گا.ایسے وقت میں جب ملکی اقتصادیات مشکلات کا شکار ہے،پاک چین کے مابین طے پانیوالے حالیہ معاہدوں کو معیشت کی بڑ ہوتری میں اہم عامل کے طور پر دیکھا جارہا ہے۔ ضروری ہے کہ ان معاہدوں و یادداشتوں پر مکمل عمل درآمد یقینی بنائے کیلئے کوئی دقیقہ فروگزاشت نہ کیا جائے۔

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چین اور امریکا کیساتھ ہمیں تعلقات میں توازن رکھنا ہے، بلال اظہر

کراچی (ٹی وی رپورٹ) جیو کے پروگرام ''نیا پاکستان'' میں میزبان شہزاد اقبال سے گفتگو کرتے ہوئے وزیر مملکت برائے خزانہ بلال اظہر کیانی نے کہاکہ چین اور امریکہ دونوں کے ساتھ ہمیں تعلقات میں توازن رکھنا ہے،مشیر وزیراعظم سیاسی امور رانا ثناء اللہ نے کہا کہ واقعہ کے بعد علیمہ خان کی پوزیشن کو تقویت ملی ہے وہ مضبوط ہوئی ہیں اس سے ان کیلئے ہمدردی بڑھی ہے،علیمہ خان کا واقعہ قابلِ مذمت ہے۔ سیکورٹی پر سوال بھی اٹھتا ہے، وزیر مملکت برائے خزانہ بلال اظہر کیانی نے کہاکہ چین اور امریکہ دونوں کیساتھ ہمیں تعلقات میں توازن رکھنا ہے۔ ہر تعلق کو اس کی اپنی میرٹ اور دوطرفہ بنیاد پر دیکھنا ہوگا۔ ہماری کوشش ہے کہ ان تعلقات کی ضروریات پوری کی جائیں اور انہیں مزید مضبوط بنایا جائے۔ یہ ممکن نہیں کہ ایک تعلق کو دوسرے کیخلاف استعمال کیا جائے۔ الحمدللہ وزیراعظم شہباز شریف، آرمی چیف جنرل عاصم منیر، ڈپٹی وزیراعظم اسحاق ڈار اور ہم سب پچھلے چھ ماہ سے اسی کوشش میں ہیں کہ ہر سطح پر توازن قائم رہے اور منیر، ڈپٹی وزیراعظم اسحاق ڈار اور ہم سب پچھلے چھ ماہ سے اسی کوشش میں ہیں کہ ہر سطح پر توازن قائم رہے اور

تعلقات مزید بہتر ہوں۔مشیر وزیراعظم سیاسی امور رانا ثنا اللہ نے کہا کہ علیمہ خان کا واقعہ قابلِ مذمت ہے۔ سیکیورٹی پر سوال بھی اٹھتا ہے، واقعہ کے بعد علیمہ خان کی پوزیشن کو تقویت ملی ہے وہ مضبوط ہوئی ہیں اس سے ان کیلئے ہمدر دی بڑھی ہے۔میزبان شہزاد اقبال نے تجزیہ پیش کرتے ہوئے کہا کہ علیمہ خان پر انڈے پھینکنے کے واقعے پر پولیس نے دو خواتین کو گرفتار کیا ہے جنہیں پی ٹی آئی سے جوڑا جارہا ہے ۔ بیرسٹر گوہر نے اسے حالات خراب کرنے کی کوشش قرار دیاجبکہ وزیر داخلہ محسن نقوی نے ڈرامہ کہا، مریم وٹو نے بھی یہی مؤقف اپنایا، طلال چوہدری نے اسے ان کی سیاست کا نتیجہ قرار دیتے ہوئے اس کی مذمت کی ہے۔ وزیر مملکت برائے خزانہ بلال اظہر کیانی نے کہاکہ جنگ سے پہلے سے لے کر اور اب تک اس کے بعد سے امریکہ کے ساتھ اور چاننا سے مزید معاملات بہتر ہوئے ہیں جبکہ روس کے ساتھ بھی تعلقات بڑھے ہیں مڈل ایسٹ ، گلف اسٹیٹ ، ایران آرمینیااور بنگلہ دیش کا ایک تاریخی دورہ ہوا ہے ہر جگہ ہمارے تعلقات مستحکم ہو رہے ہیں ۔ چائنہ اور امریکہ ہم نے دونوں سے تعلقات کوبیلنس کرنا ہے ہم نے ہر تعلق کو بائی لیٹرل میرٹ پر ٹریٹ کرنا ہے اور ہم انشور کریں گے کہ اس تعلق کی جو ریکوائرمنٹ ہیں اس کو پورا کر کے مزید مستحکم کریں اور ایسا نہیں ہوسکتا کہ ایک تعلق کا استعمال اس طریقے سے کیا جائے کہ وہ کسی دوسرے کے خلاف استعمال ہو۔ الحمد لله وزیراعظم شہباز شریف، فیلڈ مارشل عاصم منیر، ڈپٹی وزیراعظم اسحاق ڈار ہم سب پچھلے چھ ماہ سے اسی تگ و دو میں ہیں کہ ہم توازن رکھیں ہر سطح پر اور اس کو مینٹن رکھتے ہوئے مزید تعلقات کو مستحکم کیا جائے۔ چین اور امریکہ کے جو آپسی معاملات ہیں اس میں ہمیں فریق نہیں بننا ہے۔ دورہ چین میں 8.5 ارب ڈالر سرمایہ کاری کے معاہدے ہوئے ہیں جن میں سے ڈیڑھ ارب ڈالرز کی جی بیز سائن ہوئے ہیں۔مشیر وزیراعظم سیاسی امور رانا ثنا اللہ نے کہا اس واقعہ کی مذمت ہونی چاہیے،کسی تبصرے اور کسی حوالے کے بغیر اس کی وجہ یہ ہے کہ وہ ایک بزرگ خاتون ہیں جس نے کیا ہے اس کو سزا ملنی چاہیے۔پولیس نے فوری طور پر ان کو نکال کر اچھا کیا ہے اگر وہ خواتین وہاں موجود رہتیں تو کوئی جذبات میں آکر ان کو بھی نقصان پہنچا سکتا تھالیکن یہ بات صاف ہے کہ انہوں نے جس بھی وجہ سے کیا ہو یہ بات بالکل بھی قابل قبول نہیں ہے۔ حکومت کو یقیناً ایسے لوگوں کو پکڑنا چاہیے لیکن ہوتا یہ ہے کہ جس کے ساتھ اس طرح کا واقعہ ہو تو لوگ اس میں کسی قسم کی تحقیقات کے لیے کوئی کوشش نہیں کرتے۔ میزبان شہزاد اقبال نے سوال کیا کہ بیرسٹر گوہر کہتے ہیں کہ اس طرح کے واقعات کر کے حالات بگاڑنے کی کوشش کی جارہی ہے اس کا جواب دیتے ہوئے رانا ثنا اللہ نے کہا کہ اس واقعہ کے بعد علیمہ خان کی پوزیشن کو تقویت ملی ہے وہ مضبوط ہوئی ہیں اس سے ان کے لیے ہمدردی بڑھی ہے اگر کوئی یہ کہتا ہے کہ اس طرح حملہ کر کے انہیں نقصان پہنچانا مقصد تھا تو اس طرح سے انہیں کوئی سیاسی نقصان نہیں پہنچتا۔ اس جگہ پر بغیر چیکنگ کے لوگ نہیں جاتے سیکیورٹی کے لوگوں سے بازپرس ہونی چاہیے۔ رانا ثنا اللہ نے تسلسل سے متعلق بیان پر کہا کہ اگر مجھ سے کوئی سسٹم جاری رہنے سے متعلق پوچھے گا تو میں یقیناً یہی کہوں گا کہ یہ نظام چلتا رہے گا۔ سوال یہ تھا کہ چھانگہ گلی کی میٹنگ میں فیصلہ ہوگیا ہے جس پر آپ نے کہا تھا کہ فیصلہ ہوگیا ہے اس کا جواب دیتے ہوئے رانا ثنا اللہ نے کہا بات اسی طرح ہوئی تھی لیکن بعد میں اس پر یہ تبصرہ ہوا کہ آرمی چیف کی مدت ملازمت پر فوکس کر لیا گیا جبکہ مدت ملازمت میں بائی دی ایکٹ آف پارلیمنٹ میں اضافہ ہوچکا ہے وہ پانچ سال ہوچکی ہے اب نومبر 2027 کی بات ہے ابھی مدت آدھی بھی نہیں گزری ہے اس میں توسیع کا سوال ہی نہیں ہونا چاہیے۔ کبھی صدر ، کبھی وزیراعظم سے متعلق بات کی جاتی ہے تو یہی کہہ سکتے ہیں کہ سسٹم نظام جس کو آپ جو بھی سمجھیں بالکل اس میں تسلسل ہے اور یہ تسلسل ملک کے بہترین مفاد میں ہے اللہ کرے اسی طرح آگے بڑھے۔نمائندہ جیو نیوز شبیر ڈار نے کہا کہ دو روز قبل ان سے سوالات پوچھے گئے تھے اس پر ہنگامہ خیزی ہوتی رہی تھی اسی واقعہ سے متعلق علیمہ خان کو صحافیوں نے بتایا کہ ہم نے جو سوالات کیے تھے اس پر ہماری ٹرولنگ شروع کی گئی ہے ہمیں دہمکیاں بھی دی جارہی ہے اس پر علیمہ خان نے کوئی جواب نہیں دیا۔سماعت اور عمران خان سے ملاقات کے بعدتقریباً سو لوگ خیبرپختونخوا سے سرکاری ملازمین آئے ہوئے تھے جو احتجاج کر رہے تھے انہوں نے علیمہ خان کا راستہ روکنے کی کوشش کی وہ انہیں نظر انداز کرتی ہوئی میڈیا نمائندگان کی طرف گئیں اور گفتگو کا آغاز کیا کچھ دیر بعد ان پر دو انڈے پھینکے گئے جس میں سے ایک انڈا ان کو لگا ا سکے بعد بھگدڑ مچ گئی پھر دو خواتین کے بارے میں بتایا گیا کہ انہوں نے پھینکے تھے پی ٹی آئی کارکنان ان کے پیچھے دوڑ پڑے پولیس کی نفری وہاں پہنچی اور ان خواتین کو تحویل میں لے لیا۔ خیبرپختونخوا سے جو احتجاج کے لیے آئے تھے انہوں نے علی امین اور خیبرپختونخوا حکومت کے خلاف نعرے بازی کی پولیس کا کہنا ہے یہ خواتین انہی سرکاری ملازمین کے ہمراہ یہاں آئیں تھیں اور علیمہ خان سے اپنے مطالبات سے متعلق سوال کرنا چاہتی تھیں ان کو موقع نہیں دیا گیا تو انہون نے یہ حرکت کی ہے۔ میزبان شہزاد اقبال نے کہا کہ علیمہ خان پر آج انڈا پھینکنے کا افسوسناک واقعہ سامنے آیاہے انڈے پھینکنے والوں کے تعاقب کی کوشش کی گئی مگر پولیس نے دو لڑکیوں کو گاڑی میں بیٹھا کر اڈیالا چوکی منتقل کر دیا اس وقت دونوں لڑکیاں پولیس کی تحویل میں ہیں اور پولیس کا دعویٰ ہے کہ ان کا تعلق تحریک انصاف سے ہے۔حیدر شیرازی سے گفتگو کرتے چیئرمین پاکستان بیرسٹر گوہر نے واقعہ کی مذمت کرتے ہوئے کہا ۔ کہ کوئی ہے جو ان پر حملہ کر کے حالات بگڑانا چاہتا ہےجبکہ وزیر داخلہ محسن نقوی نے اس واقعہ کو ڈرامہ قرار دیا۔ بشری بی بی کی بہن مریم وٹو نے لکھا کہ اچھا ڈرامہ لگایا ہوا ہے آپ سب بیوقوف بنے جارہے ہیں چیزوں کا تجزیہ کریں اور حتمی نتیجہ تک پہنچیں۔ طلال چوہدری نے واقعہ کی مذمت کرتے ہوئے کہا کہ یہ ان کی سیاست کا نتیجہ ہے۔ علیمہ خان

نے بتایا کہ عمران خان اور بشریٰ بی بی کو ذہنی ٹارچڑ کا نشانہ بنایا جارہا ہے۔ عالمی سیاسی تناؤ میں پاکستان کا غیر معمولی توازن دیکھنے میں آرہا ہے۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/954036

چین کی جانب سے پاکستان کیلئے 20 لاکھ ڈالر کی بنگامی امداد کا اعلان

لاہور (آصف محمود بٹ) چین نے حالیہ طوفانی بارشوں اور تباہ کن سیلاب سے متاثرہ پاکستان کے عوام سے اظہار یکجہتی کرتے ہوئے 20 لاکھ ڈالر (56کروڑ روپے) کی فوری ہنگامی انسانی امداد فراہم کرنے کا اعلان کیا ہے۔ حکام کے مطابق یہ امداد متاثرہ علاقوں میں سرگرم ریلیف اداروں کے ذریعے تقسیم کی جائے گی تاکہ گھروں سے محروم ہونے والے ہزاروں افراد کو فوری طور پر خوراک، پناہ گاہ اور طبی سہولیات فراہم کی جا سکیں۔ حکومتی ترجمان نے اس اقدام کو وقت کی ضرورت قرار دیتے ہوئے کہا کہ چین کی یہ بروقت امداد نہ صرف متاثرین کی مشکلات کم کرے گی بلکہ پاکستان کی آفات سے نمٹتے کی صلاحیت کو بھی تقویت دے گی۔ چینی حکومت کے اعلان کے ساتھ ساتھ پاکستان میں مقیم چینی بزنس کمیونٹی نے بھی متاثرین کی بحائی کیلئے قابلِ قدر کردار ادا کیا۔ لاہور میں چین کے قائم مقام قونصل جنرل مسٹر کاؤ کے نے جیو پاک انٹرنیشنل ہسپتال میں چائنا بزنس کونسل کی جانب سے منعقدہ سیلاب ریلیف ڈونیشن تقریب میں شرکت کی، جس کا عنوان "طوفانوں میں ساتھ، جین اور پاکستان ایک ہیں" تھا۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/953984

<u>September 08, 2025</u>

The Express Tribune

Beijing vows stronger Pakistan-China future

ISLAMABAD: Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Jiang Zaidong has reaffirmed Beijing's commitment to accelerating the building of "an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era", following Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif's official visit to China from August 30 to September 4.

At the invitation of President Xi Jinping, Prime Minister Shehbaz attended the 25th meeting of the Council of Heads of State of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) and the commemoration of the 80th anniversary of the victory of the Chinese People's War of Resistance Against Japanese Aggression and the World Anti-Fascist War.

During the visit, he held meetings with President Xi and Premier Li Qiang, where the two sides conducted in-depth discussions on bilateral ties and regional and international issues.

The visit concluded with the release of the Action Plan to Foster an Even Closer China-Pakistan Community with a Shared Future in the New Era (2025-2029).

Ambassador Jiang said that the plan "is dedicated to building a China-Pakistan community with a shared future with even stronger political mutual trust, closer economic and trade ties, deeper security cooperation and a more solid popular basis".

He noted that the plan would serve as "the general guideline, roadmap and construction plan for advancing the all-weather strategic cooperation between our two countries at present and in the time ahead". Ambassador Jiang stressed that high-level trust remained the cornerstone of ties. Quoting President Xi, he said: "China and Pakistan share a resilient bond, a brotherly bond, and also a bond built on trust and common values — an ironclad friendship that was forged through historical twists and turns and has grown ever stronger over time."

He added that PM Shehbaz underscored that "the Pakistan-China ironclad friendship has taken root in the hearts of the over 200 million Pakistani people, and that no force can shake this unbreakable bond".

Over the past year, frequent high-level visits, including those by Prime Minister Shehbaz in June, former Premier Li Qiang in October and President Zardari in February, have "enabled our two sides to reach important common understandings on advancing the all-weather strategic cooperation," Ambassador Jiang said.

He also highlighted economic cooperation as a priority. Quoting President Xi, he said: "China supports Pakistan in maintaining unity, focusing on development, and enhancing national strength. China is ready to work with Pakistan to build the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor 2.0 and upgrade the China-Pakistan Free Trade Agreement".

He cited major milestones this year, including the launch of the New Gwadar International Airport, operation of the China-donated seawater desalination plant, production at the Rashakai Special Economic Zone and Pakistan's PRSS-1 satellite launch from China.

Pakistani exports such as beef, seafood and fruit have also gained traction in Chinese markets, he noted.

https://tribune.com.pk/story/2565526/beijing-vows-stronger-pakistan-china-future

Jang News

بیجنگ،4ارب ڈالرکے زرعی معاہدے،رانا تنویر کی چینی کمینیوں سے ملاقاتیں

اسلام آباد(اپنے نامہ نگار سے) وفاقی وزیر برائے قومی غذائی تحفظ و تحقیق رانا تنویر حسین نے بیجنگ میں پاک چین بزنس ٹو بزنس سرمایہ کاری کانفرنس میں شرکت کی، جہاں زرعی شعبے میں 4ارب ڈالر سے زائد مالیت کے دو درجن سے زیادہ مفاہمتی یادداشتوں پر دستخط کیے گئے یہ ایک روزہ کانفرنس وزیراعظم کے دورہ چین کے موقع پر منعقد ہوئی جس میں افتتاحی اور اختتامی اجلاس کے علاوہ متعدد بزنس ٹو بزنس سیشنز بھی شامل تھے۔ وفاقی وزیر نے اس موقع پر درجن بھر ملاقاتیں کیں جن میں چین اور پاکستان کی نمایاں زرعی کمپنیوں نے شرکت کی۔ ان میں جی ڈی ایس پی ڈایو، جی ڈی ایس پی جیسی کا ای وی، جی ڈی ایس پی پی ای ایس اے ٹی، جی ڈی ایس پی لوول، سانگیانگ کمپنی شِن جیانگ، چنگ ہوا سیڈ انڈسٹری کمپنی امیٹڈ، گارڈ ایگریکلچرل ریسرچ اینڈ سروسز پرائیویٹ لمیٹڈ اور چائنا اسٹیٹ انجینئرنگ کنسٹرکشن کارپوریشن جی ڈی ایس پی سمیت دیگر شامل تھے۔وفاقی وزیر نے ملاقاتوں کے دوران چینی کمپنیوں کو پاکستان کے زرعی شعبے میں سرمایہ کاری کی دعوت دی، خصوصاً زرعی مشینری، بیجوں کی تیاری، اسمارٹ ایگریکلچر اور پریسیژن شعبے میں سرمایہ کاری کی دعوت دی، خصوصاً زرعی مشینری، بیجوں کی تیاری، اسمارٹ ایگریکلچر اور پریسیژن ایگریکلچر نایا جا سکے۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/954503

September 09, 2025

Pakistan Observer

CPEC 2.0 sees Pakistan, China invest \$7 Billion in ML-1, Infrastructure

ISLAMABAD – Iron Friends Pakistan and China announced \$7 billion financing plan for Mainline-1 (ML-1) railway project, alongside an ambitious four-year roadmap for the next phase of the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC).

Planning and Development Minister Ahsan Iqbal confirmed development that occured during Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif's high-profile visit to China, as two nations agreed to form a consortium including China, Pakistan, the Asian Development Bank (ADB), and the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) to fund the 1,700-kilometer Karachi-Peshawar railway — the backbone of Pakistan's transport network.

Beijing also committed funding for the strategic Karakoram Highway, further solidifying the countries' long-standing partnership. Negotiations with additional financiers are expected to conclude within weeks, potentially unleashing one of the largest infrastructure projects in Pakistan's history.

Iqbal called it more than a project; saying it transformation, as past political turmoil had delayed ML-1 and the Sukkur-Hyderabad Motorway. "Now, Pakistan is back on the fast track to development."

The four-year action plan (2025–2029) promises to create a "China-Pakistan community with a shared future," with sweeping initiatives to boost trade, security, and people-to-people ties. Agriculture modernization, industrial development, and special economic zones in Karachi and Islamabad are slated to be major beneficiaries.

The plan also targets the mining sector, industrial parks, and advanced agricultural technologies, including modern irrigation, seed capacity building, and agro-processing — a bold push to turn Pakistan into a hub of industrial and agricultural innovation.

The Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) will be closely aligned with Pakistan's 5Es Framework, combining mega infrastructure projects with smaller community-centered ventures, ensuring development is both high-impact and inclusive.

https://pakobserver.net/cpec-2-0-sees-pakistan-china-invest-7-billion-in-ml-1-infrastructure/

Jang News

پاک چین مفاہمتی یادداشتیں ، زرعی شعبے میں انقلاب کا پیش خیمہ ثابت ہونگی ،سینیٹر عبدالقادر

اسلام آباد (نیوز رپورٹر) چیئرمین قائمہ کمیٹی برائےدفاعی پیداوار سینیٹر مجہ عبدالقادر نے اپنے ایک بیان میں کہا ہے کہ حال ہی میں بیجنگ میں چین اور پاکستان کے مابین زرعی شعبے میں 4 ارب ڈالر سے زائد مالیت کی دو درجن سے زیادہ مفاہمتی یادداشتوں پر دستخط کا کیا جانا زرعی شعبے میں انقلاب کا پیش خیمہ ثابت ہوگا، پاکستان میں زرعی انقلاب لانے کیلئے ضروری ہے کہ زرعی مشینری، بیجوں کی تیاری اور اسمارٹ ایگریکلچر پر خصوصی توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے کیلئے ضروری ابداف حاصل کیے جائیں،پاکستان کی آبادی بڑی تیزی سے بڑھ رہی ہے. پرانے طریقے سے کاشت کرتے ہوئے ہمارا کسان اجناس کی پیداوار میں اضافہ نہیں کر سکتا،انہوں نے مزید کہا کہ پاکستان چین کے جدید ٹیکنالوجی کے استعمال اور نئے بیجوں کی مدد سے بڑھتی غذائی ضروریات پوری کر سکتا ہے،اس طرح مقامی کسان بھی خوشحال ہوگا اور اربوں

ڈالرز کے زرمبادلہ کی بچت بھی ہوگی، جدید خطوط پر تحقیق کے بعد حاصل ہونے والے بیج دو سے تین گنا زیادہ پیداوار دیتے ہیں. زیادہ پیداوار کی وجہ سے مصنوعی مہنگائی پر قابو پانے میں مدد ملے گی اور عام آدمی کی مشکلات میں خاطر خواہ کمی واقع ہوگی، عام آدمی معاشی دباؤ سے نکالے بغیر ملک آگے نہیں بڑھ سکتا۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/954743

September 10, 2025

Pakistan Observer

BRI and Chinese Style of Modernization and Lessons for Pakistan

Dr Mehmood Ul Hassan Khan

The prominence of the BRI during the most recently held 25th SCO and "SCO Plus" vividly reflects Xi's vision of global shared prosperity Global Governance Initiative (GGI) rightly projecting Chinese style of modernization among the member countries.

During the last 12 years Xi's vision & Global Initiative's and Chinese style of modernization has further connected the BRI and has transcended geographical boundaries, bridged cultural differences and aligned development needs of all the member countries.

Comparative studies and critical analysis of China's modern economic history and development patterns reveal that in 2024-2025, Chinese-style modernization mainly emphasized on high-quality development, technological self-reliance and a shift to a knowledge intensive economy, driven by the new development paradigm and completion of the 14th Five-Year Plan which further developed and diversified the pace, scope, expansion and utility of the BRI in the world.

Furthermore, promotion of the digital economy, accelerating green development, and fulfilling goals for shared prosperity through advancements in education, healthcare, and social security have boosted the BRI. High-quality development, technological self-reliance, and a new development paradigm emphasizing domestic circulation while integrating with the global economy are driving industrial modernization and sustainable industries. Additionally, completion of the 14th Five-Year Plan, laying the groundwork for the 15th, along with the shift from capital- and labour-intensive industries to knowledge- and technology-intensive sectors, and prioritizing shared prosperity through employment, education, social security, and healthcare, has immensely strengthened the socio-economic potential of BRI member countries.

Remarkably, during the keynote speech at the opening ceremony of the Third BRI Forum for International Cooperation convened in October 2023, President Xi Jinping announced China's support for eight initiatives aimed at advancing the high-quality development of the BRI. So building of the multidimensional BRI connectivity network through speed up high-quality development of the China-Europe Railway Express, participate in the trans-Caspian international transportation corridor and host the China-Europe Railway Express Cooperation Forum, building of a new logistics corridor across the Eurasian continent linked by direct railway and road transportation, openness and open world economy, with its total trade in goods and services expected to exceed 32 trillion U.S. dollars and 5 trillion U.S. dollars

respectively in the 2024-2028 period and establishing of the pilot zones for Silk Road e-commerce cooperation and enter into free trade agreements and investment protection treaties with more countries have become new normal in the BRI Family.

Additionally, carrying out practical cooperation for the BRI through promoting both signature projects and "small yet smart" livelihood programs, promotion of green development deepening cooperation in areas such as green infrastructure, green energy and green transportation and step up support for the BRI International Green Development Coalition, holding of the BRI Green Innovation Conference and establishing dialogue and exchange mechanisms for the solar industry and a network of experts on green and low-carbon development, advance scientific and technological innovation implementing the BRI Science, Technology and Innovation Cooperation Action Plan and holding of the BRI Conference on Science and Technology Exchange and last but not least, support people-to-people exchanges and promotion of integrity-based BRI cooperation has further strengthened the institutional building for international BRI cooperation.

It is a good omen that China has started work with its BRI partner countries to strengthen the building of multilateral cooperation platforms covering energy, taxation, finance, green development, disaster reduction, anti-corruption, think tank, media, culture and other fields.

Over the past year, with the concerted efforts of BRI partner countries, these initiatives have steadily progressed and achieved remarkable results, laying a solid foundation for the second decade of the BRI. The experience has demonstrated that in today's global context, the pursuit of development, growth and shared prosperity is a common aspiration for all nations.

The BRI continues to gain worldwide consensus and has entered a phase of significant opportunity. It is well-positioned to become ballast for building an open world economy, a driving force for collective growth and a catalyst for global modernization. According to the White Paper on China's Energy Transition released in August 2024, China's BRI energy cooperation partnership now includes 33 member countries spanning six continents, including Asia and Africa.

To strengthen the Green Silk Road and embed sustainability across the Belt and Road Initiative, China launched the Belt and Road International Green Development Coalition to help partner countries achieve UN 2030 Sustainable Development Goals. By mid-2024, the coalition had over 150 partners from more than 40 nations, including environmental authorities from over 20 BRI members. Ahead of the 2024 Forum on China-Africa Cooperation Summit in Beijing, China pledged to enhance Africa's digital infrastructure, expand high-speed Internet, support smart cities, and advance cooperation in 5G, big data, cloud computing, fintech, and artificial intelligence. The construction of the Digital Silk Road has promoted comprehensive cooperation, narrowed the "digital divide," and enabled BRI partner countries to build a shared future in cyberspace while benefiting from digital technology for a brighter tomorrow.

The Luban Workshop has become a shining example of the BRI vocational education cooperation. 17 Luban Workshops have already been established in 15 African countries, blossoming into a flagship model of China's international vocational education cooperation.

In Central Asia, the Luban Workshop in Tajikistan has been operating successfully for over a year, while projects in Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan are progressing actively. Kyrgyzstan recently inaugurated a smart classroom for its Luban Workshop. The first Luban Workshop in Kazakhstan began trial operations at the end of 2023.

In summary, it is evident that during 2025 and beyond the BRI and its Chinese style of modernization continue to evolve, focusing on high-quality, open, green and clean" projects with increased emphasis on green and digital sectors, alongside continued investment in traditional industries like oil and gas, a reflection of China's goal to become a global power in high-tech industries and achieve common prosperity through sustainable development.

It is reality that the Chinese style of modernization has built numerous smart cities, developed knowledge based economies and diversified socio-economic potential of all the BRI member countries highlighting the productivity and of the Chinese style of modernization.

It seems that a new era of qualitative industrialization, digitalization, AI and innovation has been institutionalized in all the BRI member countries.

The writer suggests that policy makers of Pakistan should carefully study and seek lessons from the Chinese style of modernization building a sustainable economy and modern means of energy in the country.

https://pakobserver.net/bri-and-chinese-style-of-modernization-and-lessons-for-pakistan/

BRI proof that shared prosperity can bridge geographical divides

The Belt and Road Initiative is about more than just infrastructure. It is a platform for connection, trust and shared dreams.

Proposed in 2013, the initiative has become a bridge not only of trade, but of ideas and opportunities.

A new report compiled jointly by Fudan University in Shanghai and Australia-based Griffith University notes the continued dynamism of China's overseas cooperation, noting a steady uptick in clean energy projects, technology collaboration and joint ventures in emerging markets. While some voices remain skeptical, looking at these partnerships through outdated ideological lenses, the facts tell a different story — one of mutual gain, evolving priorities and long-term sustainability.

The report says that Chinese construction contracts and investments in the countries involved in the initiative reached \$124 billion in the first half of 2025, surpassing the full-year total of 2024 and setting a new record. Energy cooperation saw particularly strong momentum, with China's energy-related engagement hitting \$42 billion, a 100 percent increase compared to the same period last year. Technology and manufacturing also stood out as major growth areas, attracting \$23.2 billion in Chinese investment, more than twice the amount recorded in the first half of 2024.

China has helped install 11.9 gigawatts of green energy in countries participating in the initiative in the first six months. Construction projects related to green energy, including

hydropower, were valued at \$5.7 billion in the first half of this year, up from \$4.4 billion year-on-year.

China's approach is rooted in consultation and cooperation. It does not impose political conditions, unlike some countries that have used development aid as a tool for interference. Also, the goal of China's development partnership is to support them in achieving their own ambitions.

The benefits for countries involved in the Belt and Road Initiative are not just economic. Through science and technology parks, joint research centers and people-to-people exchanges, cooperation has spurred innovation and strengthened cross-cultural ties. Many students from Asia, Africa and Latin America have come to China for training and education, and returned home with enough skills to contribute to local development. The construction of fiber-optic networks, e-commerce platforms and smart logistics hubs has accelerated digital transformation in places where such progress once seemed distant.

At a time when global development needs are immense, partnerships that deliver results are more valuable than ever. Major economies should focus on enhancing cooperation and offering meaningful support to developing countries. Competition in global development should be about who can build better schools, provide more stable energy and create more inclusive growth, not ideological narratives or strategic containment.

China's cooperation model is not without challenges, and every project must ensure transparency, accountability and environmental responsibility. But the overall trajectory is clear. It is a model that adapts, listens, and responds to the evolving needs of partners. The growing number of countries that seek deeper cooperation with China speaks louder than criticism.

Ultimately, development is judged by outcomes. And the outcomes of China's development partnerships are visible across continents. As the United Nations' 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development states, such partnerships exemplify how pragmatic collaboration can turn global goals into local realities, proof that shared prosperity is the only narrative that truly bridges divides.

https://pakobserver.net/bri-proof-that-shared-prosperity-can-bridge-geographical-divides/

The Express Tribune

Pakistan, China to strengthen SCO

ISLAMABAD: China and Pakistan will continue to deepen their ties within the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) and implement the outcomes of the Tianjin Summit.

"Together, we can help build a closer SCO community with a shared future and contribute to the prosperity and development of the Global South," Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Jiang Zaidong said in an interview on Tuesday.

He said with both countries committed to fostering multilateralism, peace, and regional integration, their continued collaboration within the SCO promises to play a critical role in shaping a more stable and prosperous global future.

Jiand also emphasized the importance of China and Pakistan's shared history in resisting imperialism and their united commitment to maintaining international fairness and justice.

Both nations, he said, are determined to contribute to global peace and development, with China's rise as a global power dedicated to peace serving as a stabilizing force in today's geopolitics.

As both China and Pakistan continue to work together within the SCO, Ambassador Jiang expressed optimism about the future of their cooperation.

The Tianjin summit, held from August 31 to September 1, was the largest in SCO history, with over 20 world leaders attending, including Pakistan's Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif.

Ambassador Jiang praised the summit's significant outcomes, including the creation of new security centers, the establishment of an SCO development bank, and the announcement of major financial initiatives. China pledged 100 "small and beautiful" livelihood projects for member states, including billions in aid and loans, as well as a commitment to provide thousands of training opportunities. Jiang emphasized China's leadership under President Xi Jinping, who outlined a series of ambitious plans to foster cooperation and enhance the development of member nations. "The summit was a grand finale to the 'China Year' of the SCO," Jiang said, highlighting the event's role in pushing the SCO to a new stage of development. "It was a gathering of unity, friendship, and fruitful outcomes, setting the foundation for greater collaboration and achievements in the future." Prime Minister Shebaz Sharif, who attended the summit in Tianjin, praised the event as a vital platform for regional cooperation and integration. He also reaffirmed Pakistan's strong support for China's leadership, stating that the SCO, under China's guidance, remains essential for advancing peace, progress, and prosperity in the region. The interview also focused on President Xi Jinping's Global Governance Initiative, which gained significant attention at the "SCO Plus" meeting.

Ambassador Jiang emphasized that the initiative is a key pillar of China's approach to reforming global governance and promoting a more just and equitable world order.

https://tribune.com.pk/story/2565927/pakistan-china-to-strengthen-sco

Jang News

پاکستان اور چین میں خلائی تعاون، 400 ملین ڈالر کے معاہدے پر دستخط

بیجنگ (آئی این پی)چین کی سیٹلائٹ کمپنی اور اپاکستان کے درمیان 2.9 ارب یوان (تقریباً 400 ملین امریکی ڈالر) کے معاہدے پر دستخط ہو گئے ،اس کا مقصد پاکستان کو ایک خودمختار سیٹلائٹ نیٹ ورک کے قیام میں معاونت فراہم کرنا ہے۔ کمپنی نے اس معاہدے کا اعلان حالیہ چین - پاکستان بی ٹو بی سرمایہ کاری کانفرنس کے بعد کیا - گوادر پرو کے مطابق اس پاکستان کو ریئل ٹائم کمیونی کیشن اور ریموٹ سینسنگ کیلئے ایک مخصوص سیٹلائٹ PIESAT معاہدے کے تحت، کانسٹیلیشن کے قیام میں مدد دے گی۔ معاہدہ دونوں ممالک کے درمیان ٹیکنالوجی کے شعبے میں تعاون کو مزید وسعت دینے کا مظہر ہے گوادر پرو کے مطابق کمپنی مختلف شعبہ جات میں سیٹلائٹ آپریشن اور ایپلیکیشن سروسز فراہم کرتی ہے جن میں قدرتی آفات کی پیش گوئی و تدارک، قدرتی وسائل کی نگرانی اور ماحولیاتی نظم و نسق شامل ہیں۔

https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/955340

September 11, 2025

Business Recorder

Zardari to embark on China visit today

Naveed Siddiqui

ISLAMABAD: President Asif Ali Zardari will embark on a 10-day official visit to China at the invitation of the Chinese government and leadership. The Foreign Office (FO) spokesperson announced this in a statement on Thursday. According to the statement, during the visit from September 12 to 21, President Zardari will travel to Chengdu, Shanghai, and the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region and hold important meetings with the provincial leadership. The discussions will encompass Pakistan-China bilateral relations, with a particular focus on economic and trade cooperation, China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), and future connectivity initiatives. The two sides will also exchange views on bilateral cooperation at multilateral fora. The visit underscores the tradition of high-level exchanges between Pakistan and China, reflecting the deep commitment of the two countries to strengthen their all-weather strategic cooperative partnership. It reaffirms mutual support on the issues of core interests, advances economic and trade cooperation, including the CPEC, and highlights their joint commitment to regional peace, development, and stability.

https://www.brecorder.com/news/40382425/zardari-to-embark-on-china-visit-today

September 13, 2025

Jang News

چین کی سیلاب متاثرین کیلئے بھر پور تعاون کی یقین دہائی

اسلام آ باد (نیو زرپورٹر)چینی ناظم الامور شی یانکیانگ نے گزشتہ روز این ڈی ایم اے میں نیشنل ایمر جنسیز آپریشن سینٹر کا دورہ کیا، انہوں نےچینی حکومت کی جانب سے شی یانکیانگ کی سیلا ب متاثرین کی مدد کے لیے بھر پور تعاون کی یقین دہانی کرائی ۔ این ای او سی کے دورہ پر چینی ناظم الامور کو این ڈی ایم اے ٹیم کی جانب سے حالیہ سیلابی صور تحال https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/957151 اور امدادی کارروائیوں کے حوالے سے بریفنگ دی گئی۔

سی پیک فیز ٹوکی اپ گریڈیشن کیلئے ڈیجیٹل پاکستان ناگزیر ہے، ڈیجیٹل کمپنی

بیجنگ (این این آئی)پاکستانی ڈیجیٹل کمپنیوں نے کہا ہے کہ سی پیک فیز ٹوکی اپ گریڈیشن کے لیے ڈیجیٹل پاکستان ناگزیر ہے، ہم ڈیجیٹل مارکیٹنگ، سوشل میڈیا اور اے آئی ٹولز پر کام کر رہے ہیں، چینی شراکت داروں کی جدید ٹیکنالوجی ہماری مدد کر سکتی ہے۔ چاننا اکنامک نیٹ کے مطابق چاننا انٹرنیشنل فیئر فار ٹریڈ ان سروسز 2025 کی (سی آئی ایف ٹی آئی ایس)کے دوران ڈیجیٹل سوفٹس کے بانی اور سی ای او شاہد اسلام نے کہا کہ ایک اے آئی سافٹ ویئر کمپنی کے طور پر، ہم اُن چینی شراکت داروں کو کنسلٹنگ اور بی پی او سروسز فراہم کرنے کے لیے پْرعزم ہیں جو دنیا کے دیگر حصوں میں صارفین کی معاونت کرنا چاہتے ہیں۔ انہوں نے بتایاکہ ایک ہفتہ قبل بیجنگ میں ہمارے سفارت خانے نے آئی سی ٹی شعبے میں ایک بی ٹو بی انویسٹمنٹ فیئرمنعقد کیا، جس میں پاکستانی ڈیجیٹل اداروں کے کئی نمائندوں نے شرکت کی، یہ سی پیک فیز ٹو جسے ڈیجیٹل کوریڈور بھی کہا جاتا ہے، کی ترقی کے لیے ناگزیر ہے۔ ٹریو کمیونیکیشن کے طارق مجد کے مطابق پاکستان کی ڈیجیٹلائزیشن نئی بلندیوں کو چھو رہی ہے، ہمارا کاروبار بڑھ رہا ہے اور ہماری مصنوعات کی اقسام میں مسلسل کو اپنانے سے زیادہ منافع اور روزگار کے مواقع پیدا ہو سکتے ہیں۔ (AI) اضافہ ہو رہا ہے، مصنوعی ذہانت میللائریشن نئی بلندیوں کو جھو رہی ہے ، ہمارا کاروبار بڑھ رہا ہے اور ہماری مصنوعات کی اقسام میں مسلسل کو اپنانے سے زیادہ منافع اور روزگار کے مواقع پیدا ہو سکتے ہیں۔ (AI) اضافہ ہو رہا ہے، مصنوعی ذہانت

September 14, 2025

Dawn News

Pakistan, China will continue to expand collaboration in defence production aviation President Zardari

Nadir Guramani

President Asif Ali Zardari reaffirmed on Sunday that Pakistan and China would continue to expand collaboration in defence production and aviation, further deepening their all-weather strategic cooperative partnership, according to a statement issued by the President's Secretariat.

Zardari, who is on a 10-day trip to China, asserted this during a visit to the Aviation Industry Corporation of China (AVIC) —

the country's aerospace and defence conglomerate engaged in the design and production of a wide range of military and civilian aircraft, including J-10C fighter jets that Pakistan employed during an escalation with India in May.

The use of these aircraft is said to have played a crucial role in shooting down India's fighter jets, including Rafales, during the four-day escalation that ended with a ceasefire on May 10.

The statement by the President's Secretariat today said: "On the 128th day since the ceasefire with India, President Asif Ali Zardari, constitutionally the supreme commander of the armed forces of Pakistan, visited the Aviation Industry Corporation of China".

According to the statement, the president toured the sprawling complex in its entirety and met the AVIC's engineers and scientists, "listening to their insights on innovation, production and future technologies".

He was briefed on the AVIC's "advanced capabilities, including the J-10 fighter jet, the coproduction of the

JF-17 Thunder with Pakistan, as well as progress in the J-20 stealth 5th-generation fighter aircraft, unmanned aerial vehicles, fully automated units, and integrated command-and-control systems for modern multi-domain operations".

The statement quoted the president as saying that "J-10 and JF-17 have greatly strengthened the Pakistan Air Force, a fact clearly demonstrated during May 2025's Maraka-e-Haq and Operation Bunyanum Marsoos".

https://www.dawn.com/news/1941945/pakistan-china-will-continue-to-expand-collaboration-in-defence-production-aviation-president-zardari

September 15, 2025

Dawn News

Chinese aviation giant rolls out red Carpet for President Zardari

Syed Irfan Raza

ISLAMABAD: Praising the J-10 and JF-17 aircraft for strengthening Pakistan's aerial defence capabilities, President Asif Ali Zardari reaffirmed on Sunday that Pakistan and China would continue to expand their collaboration in the field of defence production and aviation. The president expressed this resolve during a visit to top Chinese aerospace and defence conglomerate, the state-owned Aviation Industry Corporation of China (AVIC), which manufactures the J-10C aircraft. According to the President's Secretariat, he is the first foreign head of state to visit the facility. He was accompanied by his children, PPP Chairman Bilawal and MNA Aseefa Bhutto-Zardari. During the visit, President Zardari met with the company's engineers and scientists and praised the Chinese-made aircraft's capabilities, which he said were amply demonstrated during the recent Maarka-i-Haq and Operation Bunyanum Marsoos against India.

https://www.dawn.com/news/1942072/chinese-aviation-giant-rolls-out-red-carpet-for-president-zardari

K2 Daily



https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_ICT&Page=Front_Page

https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_ICT&Page=Baqia



https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP ICT&Page=Bagia

https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_ICT&Page=Back_Page

Chinese Newspapers

September 01, 2025

Global Times

Pakistan-China friendship has faced enormous changes but remains strong: Pakistani PM

Global Times

According to Pakistani media, Pakistani Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif addressed the faculty and students at Tianjin University on August 31 during his visit to China for the SCO 2025 Summit, highlighting that the enduring friendship between China and Pakistan not only stood the tests of time but faced enormous challenges.

https://www.globaltimes.cn/page/202509/1342271.shtml

Xinhua News

Pakistani PM hails China-Pakistan Economic Corridor as example of SCO integration

TIANJIN, Sept. 1 (Xinhua) -- Pakistani Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif on Monday hailed the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) as a practical demonstration of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO)'s vision for regional connectivity and economic integration.

"As SCO leaders, we have reaffirmed, year after year, the significance of enhanced regional connectivity. This requires efficient land, air and rail transport corridors to ensure reliability of the supply chain," Sharif said in a speech at the 25th Meeting of the Council of SCO's Heads of State.

The expansion of the CPEC, a flagship project of the Belt and Road Initiative, can serve as a practical demonstration of the SCO's vision for regional connectivity and economic integration, he said.

He also noted that China's global leadership is exemplified not only through the SCO but also in landmark initiatives, such as the Global Development Initiative, the Global Security Initiative and the Global Civilizations Initiative.

On regional security, the prime minister said Pakistan seeks a normal and stable relationship with all neighbors and resorts to dialogue and diplomacy over conflicts and confrontations.

Pakistan will continue efforts along with all the SCO members to promote peace, progress and prosperity in the entire region and to ensure lasting peace in South Asia, he said, calling for a comprehensive and structural dialogue to discuss all outstanding disputes.

https://english.news.cn/asiapacific/20250901/8f9b4fa379da4fe9a9e446f06f7de617/c.html

September 02, 2025

Global Times

China-SCO energy cooperation platform launched in Beijing: report

Global Times

The China-Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) Energy Cooperation Platform was launched in Beijing on Tuesday, according to CCTV News, one day after China announced at the SCO Tianjin Summit that it would establish such a platform to boost cooperation. The head of China's National Energy Administration said that energy cooperation is an important part of regional practical cooperation. Since China took over the rotating presidency of the SCO in July last year, Chinese firms have signed, started, and put into operation more than 160 power and renewable energy projects in SCO countries, and more than 60 projects in the oil and gas fields, with a total amount of about 380 billion yuan (\$53.2 billion), becoming a strong driving force for regional economic and social development, according to CCTV News. Leveraging the role of the platform, China will deepen practical exchanges and cooperation with SCO members in the energy sector, expand clean energy collaboration, improve regional energy governance, and build a safe, green, and shared development framework, the official said, pledging to deliver more tangible results. At the "SCO Plus" meeting in Tianjin on Monday, the Chinese side announced that it will establish three major platforms for China-SCO cooperation in energy, green industry, and the digital economy, according to the Xinhua News Agency.

https://www.globaltimes.cn/page/202509/1342390.shtml

Xinhua News

Xi meets Pakistani prime minister

BEIJING, Sept. 2 (Xinhua) -- Chinese President Xi Jinping met with Pakistani Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif here on Tuesday.

Xi said that as global changes unseen in a century are unfolding at a quicker pace, a strong China-Pakistan relationship is conducive to safeguarding regional peace and development. The two sides should accelerate building an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era, to bring more benefits to the two peoples and set up a model for the broader neighborhood.

China stands ready to work with Pakistan to build upgraded versions of the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor and the China-Pakistan Free Trade Agreement, and hopes Pakistan will take effective measures to ensure the safety of Chinese personnel, projects and institutions in Pakistan, Xi said.

Sharif said the Global Governance Initiative proposed by President Xi is of great significance for world peace, development and stability, and Pakistan will give it full support and work actively to implement it.

Pakistan firmly sticks to the one-China principle, and looks forward to further strengthening friendship between the two countries and advancing cooperation in all fields, said Sharif, promising to spare no effort in ensuring the safety of all Chinese personnel, projects and institutions in Pakistan

Chinese President Xi Jinping meets with Pakistani Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing, capital of China, Sept. 2, 2025. Sharif is in China for the Shanghai Cooperation Organization Summit 2025, as well as commemorations marking the 80th anniversary of the victory in the Chinese People's War of Resistance against Japanese Aggression and the World Anti-Fascist War. (Xinhua/Ding Haitao)

https://english.news.cn/20250902/274a8742e03f4a3c8712e597c939deff/c.html

September 04, 2025

Xinhua News

Full text: Action plan to foster an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era (2025-2029)

BEIJING, Sept. 4 (Xinhua) -- China and Pakistan on Thursday jointly issued a 2025-2029 action plan to foster an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era.

https://english.news.cn/20250904/f3d09952689242d2af1aa144a25e8704/c.html

September 09, 2025

Xinhua News

Pakistan's workers remittances increase 6.6 pct in August

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 8 (Xinhua) -- Pakistan's workers remittances rose 6.6 percent year-on-year to 3.1 billion U.S. dollars in August, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) said on Monday.

The cumulative inflows during the first two months of the 2025-26 fiscal year reached 6.4 billion dollars, marking a growth of 7.0 percent, the bank said in a statement.

Saudi Arabia remained the largest source of inflows in August with 736.7 million dollars, followed by the United Arab Emirates with 642.9 million dollars, the United Kingdom with 463.4 million dollars, and the United States with 267.3 million dollars.

Analysts expected the sustained growth in remittances to support Pakistan's foreign exchange reserves and help alleviate pressure on the country's external account.

https://english.news.cn/asiapacific/20250909/e5b81c5a37334b6eb4d267c22d36df64/c.html

September 10, 2025

China Daily

In Pakistan, Chinese seeds give farmers 'a lifeline'

ISLAMABAD/TIANJIN — Muhammad Safdar still remembers starting work in the fields when he was just 12 years old. Now 62, the veteran farmer from Attock district of Pakistan's eastern Punjab province has spent five decades battling pests, erratic weather and fluctuating market prices.

In recent years, Safdar said, sudden climatic changes had made farming more difficult, until he decided to experiment with Chinese vegetable seed varieties, which he had heard were more resilient, higher-yielding and better suited to withstand extreme weather conditions.

"Over the past five decades, I have seen farming change with the seasons, but in recent years, sudden climatic shifts have made weather patterns unpredictable, and local varieties no longer produce the same yield. Chinese seeds, however, are real fighters, they know how to survive against all odds and protect the farmer's livelihood," Safdar told Xinhua as he walked through rows of green fields, inspecting the thick, healthy saplings of his cauliflower crop.

He noted that Chinese varieties also fetch a higher price in the market. While local cauliflower sells for around 100 Pakistani rupees (\$0.36) per kilogram, the Chinese variety commands about 150 Pakistani rupees because of its larger size, pure white florets and superior taste — qualities that customers are happy to pay extra for.

For Safdar, the impact is tangible. "Chinese vegetables pay for our food, medicine, clothes and other expenses. They take care of all our financial needs, giving us a sense of financial independence and enabling us to live a more comfortable and prosperous life," he said.

During his field visit, Safdar was accompanied by Sajjad Ahmad, managing director of Al Manahil Seeds, a distributor of vegetable seeds in Pakistan, and Muhammad Abrar, a research and development officer in the agricultural sector. Both have long worked to introduce Chinese varieties to Pakistani farmers.

Ahmad has collaborated with Chinese agricultural institutions for a decade, including a three-year stint with the Tianjin Academy of Agricultural Sciences, to bring high-quality seeds to Pakistan. In recent years, Tianjin's cauliflower seed exports to Pakistan have accounted for over 70 percent of Pakistan's annual planting, helping to address bottlenecks in the local cauliflower industry.

"Chinese seed varieties are excellent, and farmers are extremely satisfied with the yield," Ahmad said. "Even poor farmers with small farming lands can almost double their harvest on the same land compared to local varieties, giving them both more produce to sell and a better price in the market."

The progress Safdar and his fellow farmers have made in Pakistan has its roots in Tianjin, a northern Chinese port city that has emerged as a hub of agricultural innovation.

According to Sun Deling, chief scientist of China's national cauliflower breeding and a researcher at the Vegetable Research Institute of Tianjin Academy of Agricultural Sciences, his team began exploring international markets after meeting domestic demand. Since 2010, they have traveled repeatedly to Pakistan, India, Vietnam and other countries, tailoring new varieties to local climatic conditions. "Up to now, we have established demonstration bases in more than 10 countries, including Pakistan, Vietnam and France, testing over 800 varieties," Sun said. "Because of their superior quality and reasonable price, our seeds are well-received by farmers and distributors in the countries involved in the Belt and Road Initiative." By the first half of 2025, annual cauliflower seed exports, which were cultivated by Sun's team, had reached 11 metric tons, marking a shift from past reliance on imports to becoming a major exporter. Cauliflower has since grown into one of China's largest vegetable seed export crops, boosting the global competitiveness of Chinese seed companies. In Pakistan, the results have been transformative. Chinese seeds now cover large areas of farmland, improving yields and raising incomes. Farmers like Safdar not only produce more, but also gain resilience against unpredictable weather patterns that once threatened their livelihoods.

Back in Tianjin, officials also emphasize the broader vision behind these successes. Guan Anrong, deputy director of the foreign cooperation department at the Tianjin Municipal Agriculture and Rural Affairs Commission, noted that Tianjin's cauliflower varieties have been promoted on about 67,000 hectares across Shanghai Cooperation Organization countries. Beyond cauliflower, Guan said Tianjin has also exported water-saving irrigation equipment to Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan and Pakistan, helping to build modern water-efficient agricultural bases. He added that in animal husbandry, Tianjin-based Aoqun Animal Husbandry has provided technical services that helped Saudi partners reduce lamb mortality rates from more than 20 percent to under 10 percent. "Looking forward, Tianjin will leverage its strengths in agricultural science and equipment manufacturing to deepen cooperation with SCO countries," Guan said. "We will promote high-quality seed varieties, advanced

agricultural technologies, and modern facilities to help partner countries improve production capacity and ensure food security."

For experts like Muhammad Abrar, this vision is vital. "Farmers here expect local production of hybrid seeds so that costs decrease and seeds become more affordable," he said. "Expanding SCO joint research laboratories to member countries like Pakistan would further adapt seeds to local climates and bring benefits to small farmers." The story of cauliflower is only one example, but it illustrates how science-driven cooperation is changing lives on the ground. What began in the greenhouses of Tianjin has taken root in the fields of Punjab, offering farmers new tools to fight climate change, secure livelihoods, and build a better future. For Safdar, these seeds are not just crops. They are, as he puts it, "a lifeline", a symbol of how China-Pakistan agricultural cooperation, under the framework of the SCO, is cultivating resilience and prosperity across communities.

https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202509/10/WS68c0d16ea3108622abc9fe82.html

September 11, 2025

Business Recorder

President Zardari to visit China for talks on trade, CPEC: FO

President Asif Ali Zardari will pay an official visit to China from September 12 to 21 at the invitation of the Chinese government, the Foreign Office said on Thursday.

The president is scheduled to visit Chengdu, Shanghai and the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, where he will hold meetings with provincial leadership.

The discussions will focus on strengthening Pakistan-China relations, with particular emphasis on trade and economic cooperation, the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), and future connectivity initiatives.

According to the Foreign Office, both sides will also exchange views on cooperation at multilateral forums.

The visit, it added, underscores the tradition of high-level exchanges between the two countries and reaffirms their commitment to deepening the All-Weather Strategic Cooperative Partnership.

It is also expected to highlight joint efforts for regional peace, development and stability.

 $\underline{https://www.brecorder.com/news/40382302/president-zardari-to-visit-china-for-talks-ontrade-cpec-fo}$

September 12, 2025

Xinhua News

Global Governance Initiative contributes Chinese solution to improving global governance, says Pakistani official

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 12 (Xinhua) -- Pakistani Prime Minister's Special Representative on China Zafar Uddin Mahmood has hailed China's Global Governance Initiative (GGI) as the "need of the hour," saying it offers a Chinese solution for tackling today's global challenges and improving global governance.

Speaking on Tuesday at a media interaction themed on accelerating the building of an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era, Mahmood said China has a proven record of translating commitments into reality.

He cited the New Development Bank and the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank as examples of international financial institutions that quickly moved from announcement to successful implementation, benefiting developing countries, including Pakistan.

Mahmood noted that Pakistan appreciated the idea of the GGI and looks forward to benefiting from it, believing that the GGI, along with the Global Development Initiative, Global Security Initiative, and Global Civilization Initiative, will provide a good guideline to the countries across the world to follow on improving governance and people's livelihoods.

Answering questions from Pakistani media, Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Jiang Zaidong said that the GGI has injected strong impetus into the reform and improvement of the global governance system.

China is willing to work together with Pakistan to implement the four major global initiatives, uphold international fairness and justice, and promote the building of a community with a shared future for mankind, he said.

https://english.news.cn/20250912/8130121aa9364d2dab423c11ea383ca6/c.html

September 15, 2025

China Daily

Initiative a blueprint for a fairer and equitable world order

Umair Jamal

At the recently concluded Shanghai Cooperation Organization Summit in Tianjin, President Xi Jinping proposed the Global Governance Initiative, a visionary framework designed to transform the way countries collaborate on issues. The GGI is another major initiative proposed by President Xi, following the Global Development Initiative, the Global Security Initiative and the Global Civilization Initiative, with the aim of shaping a more inclusive future for humankind.

Far from being just another diplomatic gesture, the GGI embodies China's aspiration to foster equality and mutual respect in a world often fractured by competing powers. The initiative is based on five core principles: sovereign equality, adherence to international law, multilateral cooperation, a focus on people's needs, and a commitment to tangible outcomes that benefit all countries.

The Tianjin event was a landmark as it was the largest ever summit in the SCO's history, with heads of state and government of member states, observers and dialogue partners attending it. Amid discussions on regional and global challenges, President Xi's proposal of the GGI underscored China's growing influence in promoting cooperative solutions that can have a global impact.

Rooted in the SCO's "Shanghai Spirit", which underpins the philosophy of mutual trust, respect and shared prosperity, the GGI envisions a world where every country, regardless of its size, wealth and strategic power, has a role to play in shaping global affairs. The GGI makes China's message clear: no country is superior to others; all deserve a seat at the table.

The GGI's first principle, sovereign equality, lies at the heart of the initiative's vision. For too long, the countries of the Global South — across Asia, Africa and Latin America — have been sidelined in global decision-making. The GGI seeks to change this by ensuring that countries such as Pakistan, Ethiopia and Iran can engage as equals with bigger powers. Through platforms like the SCO, China is amplifying these voices, offering a pathway for smaller countries to shape their own destinies.

Equally important is the GGI's commitment to uphold international law with fairness and transparency. In a world where some powerful countries manipulate international rules to serve their own interests, China is advocating for the consistent application of the United Nations Charter. This approach is aimed at maintaining stability, encouraging dialogue over confrontation and ensuring decisions reflect shared values rather than the whims of a few nation states.

Multilateralism, another cornerstone of the GGI, underscores the need for collective action through organizations such as the SCO, BRICS and the United Nations.

As President Xi said at the summit, no single country should dictate the global agenda. He also emphasized the need for countries to abandon the Cold War mentality and refrain from forcing smaller nations to choose sides between two countries or blocs.

This essentially means that by sharing ideas and resources, countries can address pressing challenges like climate change, poverty, and technological disparities. For instance, the SCO's discussions on artificial intelligence cooperation highlighted how shared innovation can drive progress across borders. The GGI also places people at the center of global governance, a principle that sets it apart from other international initiatives. Too often have Western global projects tended to favor corporate interests or foment geopolitical rivalries instead of being aimed at meeting the needs of ordinary people. But the GGI calls for policies that improve access to education, healthcare and employment. At the Tianjin summit, China also proposed new SCO programs, including building digital economy infrastructure, and training centers for young leaders, and generating clean and green energy, demonstrating that

it is committed to uplifting communities worldwide. Besides, the GGI emphasizes action over rhetoric, ensuring that its ideas translate into real-world impact. China's track record with the Belt and Road Initiative has been excellent. The BRI has helped build roads, bridges, ports and railways in dozens of countries, apart from improving connectivity between economies and creating opportunities for millions of people. For the Global South, the initiative offers an opportunity to engage as equals. It also stands as a counterpoint to some big powers' strategy of imposing sanctions, launching trade wars and/or putting military pressure on countries to punish them for not aligning with their policies. The summit's unprecedented success and the new agreements signed in Tianjin underscore global support for China's vision. As a matter of fact, China's success in lifting about 800 million people out of poverty and becoming a leader in infrastructure and technology informs the GGI's goals. Through development programs like the Belt and Road Initiative, China has already helped countries such as Kazakhstan and Pakistan strengthen their economies. The GGI will build on this foundation, and offer a global framework in which every country gets the opportunity to prosper. As the Global South grapples with challenges like inequality, climate change and regional conflicts, the GGI provides a hopeful path forward, while reminding the world that solutions emerge from countries working together in harmony. More than a policy, the GGI is a bold vision for building a just and inclusive world order. By proposing the initiative at the SCO Summit, China has demonstrated its resolve to lead by example, and foster cooperation at a time when the world needs it most. For the Global South and beyond, the GGI offers a beacon of hope, showing that a better, fairer and equitable world order is not just a dream but an achievable reality.

https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202509/15/WS68c74dbda3108622abca0ae0.html